

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the quarter ended September 30, 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

The following is Management's Discussion and Analysis of the financial condition and operating results of Knight Therapeutics Inc. ("Knight" or the "Company") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019. This document should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and the audited consolidated financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and operating results in our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2018. Knight's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". All amounts herein are expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars (unless otherwise indicated) except for share and per share amounts. All other currencies are in thousands.

This discussion and analysis was prepared by management from information available as at November 12, 2019. Further information about Knight Therapeutics Inc., including the Annual Information Form, is available online on SEDAR at <u>www.sedar.com</u>.

Cautionary note regarding forward-looking statements

This Management's Discussion and Analysis may contain certain "forward-looking statements" and certain "forward-looking information" as defined under applicable Canadian securities laws. Forward-looking statements and information can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may", "will", "expect", "intend", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "plans" or similar terminology. Forward-looking statements and information are subject to various known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the ability of the Company to control or predict, that may cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied thereby, and are developed based on assumptions about such risks, uncertainties and other factors set out herein. Factors and risks which could cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations are discussed in the Company's Annual Report and in the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2018 found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. The Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking information except as required by applicable law. Such forward-looking information represents management's best judgment based on information currently available. No forward-looking statement can be guaranteed and actual future results may vary materially. Accordingly, readers are advised not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements or information.

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(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

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(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Calendar
Q3-19	Third quarter of 2019
Q2-19	Second quarter of 2019
Q1-19	First quarter of 2019
Q4-18	Fourth quarter of 2018
Q3-18	Third quarter of 2018
Q2-18	Second quarter of 2018
Q1-18	First quarter of 2018
Q4-17	Fourth quarter of 2017

Abbreviation	Company
60P	60° Pharmaceuticals LLC
Advaxis	Advaxis Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Akorn	Akorn Inc.
Alimera	Alimera Sciences Inc.
Antibe	Antibe Therapeutics Inc.
Ardelyx	Ardelyx, Inc.
AstraZeneca	AstraZeneca AB
Biopas	Pharma Consulting Group
Braeburn	Braeburn Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Crescita	Crescita Therapeutics Inc.
Ember	Ember Therapeutics Inc.
Forbion	Forbion Capital Fund III CV
GBT	Biotoscana Investments S.A.
Jaguar	Jaguar Health Inc.
Karo	Karo Pharma AB
Knight or the Company	Knight Therapeutics Inc.
Medimetriks	Medimetriks Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Medison	Medison Biotech (1995) Ltd.
Moksha8	Moksha8, Inc.
NEMO II	New Emerging Medical Opportunities Fund II Ltd.
NEMO III	New Emerging Medical Opportunities Fund III Ltd.
NeurAxon	NeurAxon Pharma Inc.
PBB	Pro Bono Bio PLC
Profound	Profound Medical Inc.
Puma	Puma Biotechnology, Inc.
Sectoral	Sectoral Asset Management Inc.
SIFI	Società Industria Farmaceutica Italiana S.p.A.
Synergy	Synergy CHC Corp.
Titan	Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
Triumvira	Triumvira Immunologics Inc.
TXMD	TherapeuticsMD, Inc.

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(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Abbreviation	Financial
ASPP	Automatic share purchase plan for purchase of shares under the Normal Course Issuer Bid
BRL	Brazilian Real
C\$ or \$	Canadian Dollar
DC&P	Disclosure Controls and Procedures
EBITDA	Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization
EPS	Earnings per share to common shareholders
EUR	Euro
FMV	Fair market value
FVTPL	Fair value through profit or loss
ICFR	Internal control over financial reporting
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards
ILS	New Israeli Shekels
Interim Financial Statements	Unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements
US\$	U.S. Dollar

Abbreviation	Territory
CAN	Canada
CAR	Select countries in the Caribbean
ISR	Israel
LATAM	Latin America
QUE	Quebec
ROM	Romania
RUS	Russia
UAE	United Arab Emirates
U.S.	United States of America
ZAF	Sub-Saharan Africa

Abbreviation	Other
AIDS	Acquired immune deficiency syndrome
ART	Antiretroviral Therapy
CADTH	Canadian Agency For Drugs And Technologies In Health
CEO	Chief executive officer
HIV	Human immunodeficiency virus infection
IBS-C	Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Constipation
IQVIA	IQVIA Incorporated, a leading pharmaceutical market research organization
NCIB	Normal Course Issuer Bid
NDA	New Drug Application
NDS	New Drug Submission
NIHB	Non-Insured Health Benefits for First Nations and Inuit Program
NON	Notice of Non-Compliance
OIC	Opioid-induced constipation
pERC	Pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review Expert Review Committee
PMPRB	Patented Medicine Prices Review Board
PRV	Priority Review Voucher

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

OVERVIEW

Section 1 – About Knight Therapeutics Inc.

Knight Therapeutics Inc. is a specialty pharmaceutical company, headquartered in Montreal, Canada, and listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "GUD". Activities performed by the Company are as follows:

- Principal business activity is developing, acquiring, in-licensing, out-licensing, marketing and distributing pharmaceutical products, consumer health products and medical devices in Canada and select international markets.
- Finances other life sciences companies with the goal of strengthening relationships in the life science industry and securing product distribution rights for Canada and select international markets.
- Invested in life sciences venture capital funds whereby the Company may receive preferential access to innovative healthcare products for Canada and select international markets.
- Develops innovative pharmaceutical products including those to treat neglected tropical and rare pediatric diseases.

Section 2 – Q3-19 Highlights

Financial Results

- Revenues were \$4,030, an increase of \$810 or 25% over prior year.
- Net loss was \$2,959 compared to net income of \$12,930 in prior year.

Corporate Development

• Launched a NCIB in July 2019 and purchased 7,174,137 common shares for an aggregate cost of \$54,283.

Products

- Received regulatory approval from Health Canada for NERLYNX[®] for the treatment of HER2-positive breast cancer.
- Reached an agreement with the pan-Canadian Pharmaceutical Alliance regarding Probuphine[®] and to date have obtained reimbursement through public insurance plans administered by Alberta, Saskatchewan, New Brunswick, Manitoba, Veterans Affairs Canada and the NIHB.

Strategic Investments

• Disposed of 899,200 common shares of Crescita for total proceeds of \$916.

Subsequent to quarter-end

- Entered into a definitive agreement to acquire 51.2% of Biotoscana Investments S.A., a company operating in LATAM.
 Following the close of the agreement, Knight will launch a mandatory tender offer to acquire the remaining 48.8% from public shareholders on similar terms. Upon completion of both transactions and assuming all public shares are tendered, Knight expects to have paid approximately \$418,000¹ [BRL 1,318,000], including net debt.
- Received regulatory approval from Health Canada for Netildex[®] for the treatment of inflammatory ocular conditions of the anterior segment of the eye.
- Submitted Joyesta[™] for regulatory approval for the treatment of postmenopausal symptoms of vulvar and vaginal atrophy due to estrogen deficiency to Health Canada.

¹Amount translated at the BRL to CAD closing exchange rate as of October 18, 2019 of 3.145. The price in Canadian dollars will vary depending on the exchange rate on the date of the transactions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the quarter ended September 30, 2019 (In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

FINANCIAL RESULTS

Section 3 – Results of Operations

	Change						Change	
	Q3-19	Q3-18	\$ 1	%²	YTD-19	YTD-18	\$ 1	%²
Revenues	4,030	3,220	810	25%	10,190	8,612	1,578	18%
Cost of goods sold	750	609	(141)	23%	1,752	1,781	29	2%
Gross margin	3,280	2,611	669	26%	8,438	6,831	1,607	24%
Gross margin (%)	81%	81%	0%	0%	83%	79%	4%	5%
Expenses								
Selling and marketing	1,125	1,000	(125)	13%	3,260	2,681	(579)	22%
General and administrative	4,649	1,833	(2,816)	154%	12,034	5,865	(6,169)	105%
Research and development	892	438	(454)	104%	2,502	1,499	(1,003)	67%
	(3,386)	(660)	(2,726)	413%	(9,358)	(3,214)	(6,144)	191%
Depreciation of property and equipment	112	28	(84)	300%	305	63	(242)	384%
Amortization of intangible assets	424	481	57	12%	1,273	1,367	94	7%
Interest income on financial instruments	(4,825)	(3,864)	961	25%	(14,651)	(10,956)	3,695	34%
measured at amortized cost								
Other interest income	(1,233)	(1,092)	141	13%	(3,457)	(4,034)	(577)	14%
Other income	(1,579)	(385)	1,194	310%	(1,949)	(1,773)	176	10%
Net loss (gain) on financial assets measured	4,883	(10,924)	(15,807)	N/A	(19,649)	(14,349)	5,300	37%
at fair value through profit or loss								
Share of net income of associate	(128)	(89)	39	44%	(448)	(441)	7	2%
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	638	1,117	479	43%	3,315	(1,431)	(4,746)	N/A
Income before income taxes	(1,678)	14,068	(15,746)	N/A	25,903	28,340	(2,437)	9%
Income tax expense (recovery)								
Current	999	1,891	892	47%	3,168	3,443	275	8%
Deferred	282	(753)	(1,035)	N/A	1,549	1,039	(510)	49%
Net (loss) income for the period	(2,959)	12,930	(15,889)	N/A	21,186	23,858	(2,672)	11%
Attributable to shareholders of the Company								
Basic net (loss) earnings per share	(0.021)	0.091	(0.112)	N/A	0.150	0.167	(0.017)	10%
Diluted net (loss) earnings per share	(0.021)	0.091	(0.111)	N/A	0.150	0.167	(0.017)	10%
	()		()				()	==70

¹ A positive variance represents a positive impact to net income and a negative variance represents a negative impact to net income

² Percentage change is presented in absolute values

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

	Q3-19 vs Q3-18 YTD-19 vs YTD-18
Revenues	 Increase in revenues mainly attributable to timing of sales of Impavido[®] and growth in Movantik[®] sales.
Gross margin	 Increase in gross margin (\$) attributable to increase in revenues. No significant variance in gross margin (%). Increase in gross margin (%) attributable to increase in gross margin (%) attributable to change in product mix.
Selling and marketing	No significant variance. Increase due to commercial activities including preparation for launch of new products.
General and administrative	 Increase mainly due to following: Expense of \$3,803 (Q3-19: \$536) on legal, consulting and advisory fees to Knight's shareholder & communication advisor, financial advisor and lawyers related to the activist campaign, public proxy battle and related litigations (refer to section 26 for further details) between the Company and dissident shareholder Meir Jakobsohn, Medison's CEO. Expense of \$2,476 on legal & consulting fees related to the acquisition of GBT. Knight expects to incur additional expenses related to the acquisition during the remainder of the year and in 2020.
Research and development expenses	 Increase mainly due to submission of Joyesta™ for regulatory approval to Health Canada. Increase mainly due to submission of Ibsrela™ and Joyesta™ for regulatory approval to Health Canada.
Depreciation and amortization	No significant variance.
Interest income	 Includes "Interest income on financial instruments measured at amortized cost" and "Other interest income". Primarily from interest earned on loans, cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and accretion on loans receivable. Interest income for Q3-19 was \$6,058, an increase of 22% or \$1,102 compared to the same period in prior year due to a higher average loan balance and an increase in interest rates, offset by a decrease in the average cash and marketable securities balances. Includes "Interest income on loans, cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and cash equivalents, marketable securities and cash equivalents, marketable securities and accretion on loans receivable. Interest income for YTD-19 was \$18,108 an increase of 21% or \$3,118 compared to the same period in prior year due to a higher average loan balance and an increase in interest rates, offset by a decrease in the average cash and marketable securities balances.
Other income ¹	 Amount in Q3-19 driven by fees earned on strategic loan deals and a fee earned through a strategic fund investment. Amount in Q3-18 driven by the repayment fee of the Profound loan. Amount in YTD-19 driven by fees earned on strategic loan deals and a fee earned through a strategic fund investment. Amount in YTD-18 driven by the early repayment fees on the Medimetriks and Profound loans.
Net loss (gain) on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	 As a result of the revaluation of financial assets measured at FVTPL. Net loss mainly attributed to the unrealized losses on revaluation of the strategic fund and equity investments, offset by changes in fair values of strategic loans Net gain mainly attributed to the unrealized gains on revaluation of the strategic fund investments, offset by changes of strategic loans.
	Refer to note 7 in the Interim Financial Statements for further information.
Share of net income of associate	No significant variance.
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	 Due to relative losses on certain CAD and EUR dollar denominated financial assets as Canadian dollar weakened. Due to relative losses on certain U.S. dollar denominated financial assets as Canadian dollar strengthened.
Income tax expense (recovery)	No significant variance.

¹ Other income includes income earned for advisory and other services, gains from early loan repayments and income from strategic lending deals

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FINANCIAL CONDITION

Section 4 – Balance Sheets

	00 20 10	Change		
	09-30-19	12-31-18	\$	% ¹
ASSETS				
Current				
Cash and cash equivalents	319,125	244,785	74,340	30%
Marketable securities	243,790	445,003	(201,213)	45%
Trade and other receivables	12,644	11,756	888	8%
Inventories	472	1,136	(664)	58%
Other current financial assets	22,758	14,030	8,728	62%
Income taxes receivable	729	821	(92)	11%
Total current assets	599,518	717,531	(118,013)	16%
Marketable securities	137,177	97,274	39,903	41%
Property and equipment	1,679	794	885	111%
Intangible assets	18,948	17,475	1,473	8%
Other financial assets	148,323	113,314	35,009	31%
Investment in associate	73,729	79,145	(5,416)	7%
Deferred income tax assets	1,305	2,959	(1,654)	56%
Other receivable	41,582	23,340	18,242	78%
Total assets	1,022,261	1,051,832	(29,571)	3%
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9,298	6,100	3,198	52%
Automatic share purchase plan liability	35,987	_	35,987	N/A
Lease liabilities	298	—	298	N/A
Income taxes payable	12,587	10,705	1,882	18%
Other balances payable	100	197	(97)	49%
Deferred other income	_	183	(183)	100%
Total current liabilities	58,270	17,185	41,085	239%
Lease liabilities	703	_	703	N/A
Other balances payable	5,109	4,615	494	, 11%
Total liabilities	64,082	21,800	42,282	194%
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	698,115	761,844	(63,729)	8%
Warrants	785	785	_	_
Contributed surplus	15,965	14,326	1,639	11%
Accumulated other comprehensive income	15,909	20,955	(5,046)	24%
Retained earnings	227,405	232,122	(4,717)	2%
Total shareholders' equity	958,179	1,030,032	(71,853)	7%
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	1,022,261	1,051,832	(29,571)	3%

¹ Percentage change is presented in absolute values

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Cash and each any inclusts and marketable	09-30-19 vs 12-31-2018
Cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities (current and long term)	 Refer to Section 6 – Liquidity and Capital Resources for further information.
Trade and other receivables	Increase due to timing of collection of payments.Refer to note 5 in the Interim Financial Statements for further details.
Inventories	No significant variance.
Other financial assets (current and long term)	Increase of \$43,737 driven by:
	Loans and other receivables: increase of \$10,869 mainly attributable to additional loans issued of \$23,295 driven by the Moksha8 and Triumvira deals, partially offset by loan repayments of \$6,208 and changes in fair value and foreign exchange revaluation of \$6,218. Refer to Section 7 for further information on Knight's strategic lending portfolio.
	Equities, Warrants and Derivatives: increase of \$1,785 driven by additional warrants obtained during the year and the revaluation of equities, warrants and derivatives. Refer to note 7 in the Interim Financial Statements for further information.
	Funds: increase of \$31,083 due to capital calls of \$18,434 and mark-to-market adjustments of \$25,733 offset by distributions received of \$9,177 and foreign exchange losses of \$3,907. Refer to Section 9 for further information on Knight's strategic investments.
Income tax receivable	No significant variance.
Property and Equipment	 Increase due to recognition of lease assets with the adoption of IFRS 16. Refer to note 2 in the Interim Financial Statements for further information.
Intangible assets	 Increase due to in-licensing activity, offset by amortization. Refer to note 6 in the Interim Financial Statements for further details.
Investment in associate	 Decrease related to dividends received from Medison and Knight's share of other comprehensive income partially offset by Knight's share of net income. Refer to Section 10 for further information.
Other receivable	• Increase due to deposit of \$18,242 made to the QRA related to a notice of reassessment. Refer to Section 5 for further information.
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Increase due to timing of purchases and payments.
Automatic share purchase plan liability	 Balance related to the obligation to repurchase common shares of Knight under the NCIB and through the ASPP. Refer to note 11 in the Interim Financial Statements for further information.
Lease Liabilities	Increase due to the adoption of IFRS 16.
	 Refer to section 23 and note 2 in the Interim Financial Statements for further information.
Income tax payable	Increase due to income and gains generated.
Deferred other income	No significant variance.
Other balances payable (current and long term)	• Increase due to recognition of regulatory and sales milestones on in-licensed products.
Share capital	 Decrease due to the purchase of Knight's common shares though the NCIB. Refer to note 11 in the Interim Financial Statements for further information.
Contributed surplus	 Increase related to share-based compensation expense. Refer to the statement of changes in shareholders' equity in the Interim Financial Statements for further information.
Accumulated other comprehensive income	 Decrease related to other comprehensive loss of \$5,046 for the period. Refer to the statement of changes in shareholders' equity in the Interim Financial Statements for further information.

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

09-30-19 vs 12-31-2018				
Retained earnings	 Decrease due to Knight's common shares purchased through the NCIB, partially offset by net income of \$21,186 in 2019. 			

Section 5 – Notices of Reassessment

Knight received notices of reassessment from the CRA and the QRA in July 2018 and January 2019 respectively. The notices relate to the disposition in 2014 of a PRV held by Knight's wholly-owned subsidiary, Knight Therapeutics (Barbados) Inc. A PRV is a transferrable asset that entitles the holder to a priority review for a drug of its choice.

The Company's PRV was granted on March 19, 2014 upon the FDA approval of Impavido[®] and was disposed of to a third party in November 2014 for gross proceeds of US\$125,000. The notices of reassessment provide that Knight is liable to pay an aggregate of \$23,340 and \$18,242 to the CRA and QRA respectively in additional taxes and interest. Knight has made a deposit for the full amount to the CRA in July 2018 and to the QRA in February 2019.

Knight believes that the reassessments are unfounded and filed a notice of objection with CRA in September 2018 to start the appeals process. Based on the Company's view of the likely outcome of the appeals process, Knight expects to recover the total of \$41,582 deposited and has not recorded any tax provision related to the disposal of the PRV in its financial statements. However, there can be no assurance regarding the outcome or when a resolution may be reached.

Although Knight believes its tax provisions are adequate, the final determination of tax audits and any related disputes could be materially different from historical income tax provisions and accruals.

Section 6 – Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's Investment Policy governs the investment activities relating to cash resources. An Investment Committee composed of representatives from management and the Board of Directors monitors compliance with said policy. The Company invests in strategic investments in the form of equity funds, debt funds, equity or liquid investment securities with varying terms to maturity, selected with regard to the expected timing of investments and expenditures for continuing operations and prevailing interest rates.

The Company believes that its existing cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as well as cash generated from operations are sufficient to finance its current operations, working capital requirements and future product and corporate acquisitions. The table below sets forth a summary of cash flow activity and should be read in conjunction with our consolidated statements of cash flows.

	Three months ended				Nine mor			
	September 30,		Change		September 30,		Change	
	2019	2018	\$	$\mathbf{\%}^{1}$	2019	2018	\$	$\mathbf{\%}^{1}$
Net cash from operating activities	4,028	(19,916)	23,944	N/A	(2,908)	(8,992)	6,084	68%
Net cash from investing activities	73,113	(93,420)	166,533	N/A	132,274	(188,209)	320,483	N/A
Net cash from financing activities	(53,762)	148	(53,910)	N/A	(53,783)	239	(54,022)	N/A
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash	23,379	(113,188)	136,567	N/A	75,583	(196,962)	272,545	N/A
equivalents during the period								
Net foreign exchange difference	835	(1,948)	2,783	N/A	(1,243)	3,724	(4,967)	N/A
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of	294,911	418,358	(123,447)	30%	244,785	496,460	(251,675)	51%
the period								
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the	319,125	303,222	15,903	5%	319,125	303,222	15,903	5%
period								
Marketable securities, end of the period	380,967	471,824	(90,857)	19%	380,967	471,824	(90,857)	19%
Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable	700,092	775,046	(74,954)	10%	700,092	775,046	(74,954)	10%
securities, end of the period								

¹ Percentage change is presented in absolute values

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

	Q3-19 vs Q3-18	YTD-19 vs YTD-18					
Net cash from operating activities	offset by operating expenses including salaries, repromotion costs, and other corporate expenses. In a to the sale of the PRV in 2014. Cash flows from op affecting cash, such as unrealized and realized gain share based compensation expense, depreciation	ues, dividends from associates and interest received, esearch and development expenses, advertising and addition, Knight deposited \$18,242 to the QRA related berating activities exclude revenues and expenses not ns or losses on financial assets, accretion of interest, and amortization, foreign exchange gains or losses, other income, deferred other income, and net changes					
Net cash from investing activities	 For the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, cash flows were mainly driven by: net proceeds on marketable securities of \$70,243; net proceeds from distributions of funds of \$2,636; net proceeds from disposals of equities of \$1,676, offset by net issuance of loan receivables of \$1,114; acquisition of intangibles of \$328. 	 \$158,646, net proceeds from disposals of equities of \$1,670, offset by; 					
Net cash from financing activities	 acquisition of intangibles of \$328. equipment of \$2,321. Cash flows from financing activities were mainly due to the repurchase of common shares through t NCIB, proceeds from the repayment of share purchase loans and the participation of employees a directors in the Company's share purchase plan. 						

PRODUCT ACQUISITION STRATEGY

Section 7 – Products

Knight pursues opportunities to acquire or in-license pharmaceutical products, consumer health products and medical devices in Canada and select international markets. Knight's wholly owned subsidiary in Barbados develops innovative pharmaceuticals including those used to treat neglected tropical diseases and rare pediatric diseases. Knight expects to expand its product portfolio within existing therapeutic fields in Canada and internationally, and intends to leverage its expertise in specialty sales and marketing, product acquisition and in-licensing to gain a competitive advantage in delivering pharmaceutical products to the marketplace, thereby decreasing scientific risks, long development timelines and high development costs.

Knight has a pipeline of products in the process of being submitted for regulatory approval, in pre-commercialization and at its early stages of commercialization. Such activities require substantial financial investment therefore it is expected that the Company's selling & marketing and research & development expenses will increase. The following table summarizes certain products from Knight's product portfolio.

Product	Indication/Potential Indication	Licensor	Status in Territory	Territory Rights
Pain/Gastrointe	stinal			
Movantik®	OIC	AstraZeneca	Marketed in CAN and approved in ISR	CAN, ISR
Probuphine®	Opioid addiction	Titan	Marketed	CAN
Ibsrela™	IBS-C	Ardelyx	Submitted	CAN

Prescription Pharmaceutical Products

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Product	Indication/Potential Indication	Licensor	Status in Territory	Territory Rights
Pain/Gastrointest	inal (continued)			
Mytesi™	Symptomatic relief of non- infectious diarrhea in adult patients with HIV or AIDS on ART	Jaguar	Pending submission	CAN, ISR
	Other diarrhea disorders		Pre-clinical – Phase 2	
NeurAxon family	Acute migraine, pain and neurological disorders	N/A	Pre-Clinical – Phase 2	CAN, ISR, RUS, ZAF
Antibe family	Chronic pain and inflammation	Antibe	Pre-clinical – Phase 2	CAN, ISR, RUS, ZAF
Oncology				
NERLYNX®	HER2-positive breast cancer	Puma	Approved	CAN
Advaxis family	HPV-associated cancers and others	Advaxis	Phase 1 – Phase 3	CAN
Triumvira family	Novel T-cell therapies for cancer	cell therapies for cancer Triumvira		CAN ² , ISR, MEX, BRA, COL
Ophthalmic				
AzaSite™	Bacterial conjunctivitis	Akorn	Approved	CAN
lluvien®	Diabetic macular edema	Alimera	Approved	CAN
Netildex [®]	Ocular inflammation	SIFI	Approved	CAN
Women's Health				
Joyesta™	Moderate-to-severe dyspareunia	TXMD	Submitted	CAN, ISR
Bijuva™	Moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms due to menopause	TXMD	Pending submission	CAN, ISR
Other				
Impavido®	Leishmaniasis	N/A	Marketed	Global
Burinex [®]	-		Marketed	CAN
Arakoda™	Prevention of malaria	60P	Pending submission	CAN, ISR, RUS, LATAM ¹
60P family	Other tropical diseases	60P	Phase 2	CAN, ISR, RUS, LATAM ¹
Tenapanor	Hyperphosphatemia	Ardelyx	Phase 3	CAN

Prescription Pharmaceutical Products (continued)

¹ Select products only for LATAM

¹ Excluded TACO1-CD19

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Product	Description	Licensor	Status in Territory	Territory Rights
Neuragen®	Pain associated with diabetic and peripheral neuropathy	N/A	Marketed ¹	Global (Ex. U.S)
Synergy Family	Various consumer health products	Synergy	Marketed ²	CAN, ISR, ROM, RUS, ZAF
FLEXISEQ™	Pain and joint stiffness associated with osteoarthritis	PBB	Not Yet Marketed	QUE, ISR
Crescita family	Dermo-cosmetic line of products	Crescita	Not Yet Marketed	ISR, ROM, RUS, ZAF, CAR
TULSA-PRO®	Prostate ablation	Profound	Pending submission	CAN

Consumer Health Products and Medical Devices

¹ Approved and marketed in Canada and the UAE

² Select products marketed

Movantik®

In December 2016, Knight entered into an agreement with AstraZeneca for the rights to Movantik[®] in Canada and Israel under which Knight is responsible for all commercial, regulatory and certain supply chain activities. Movantik[®] is the first once-daily oral peripherally-acting mu-opioid receptor antagonist for the treatment of OIC in adult patients with non-cancer pain who have had an inadequate response to laxatives. According to the Canadian Family Physician Practice Guideline, it is estimated that at least 26% of chronic opioid users suffer from OIC. According to IQVIA data, Movantik[®] sales in Canada were \$419 and \$1,169 for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2019 (2018: \$343 and \$963).

Probuphine®

On February 1, 2016, Knight entered into an exclusive licensing agreement with Braeburn to commercialize Probuphine[®] in Canada. Probuphine[®], indicated for the treatment of opioid drug dependence, is a subdermal implant designed to deliver buprenorphine continuously for six months following a single treatment, promoting patient compliance and retention. Health Canada approved Probuphine[®] on April 18, 2018 for the management of opioid dependence in patients clinically stabilized on no more than 8 mg of sublingual buprenorphine in combination with counselling and psychosocial support. Probuphine[®] must be inserted and removed by a healthcare professional who has successfully completed the Probuphine[®] Education Program.

On October 29, 2018, Knight launched Probuphine[®] in Canada. Furthermore, in August 2019, the Company reached an agreement with the pan-Canadian Pharmaceutical Alliance and to date has obtained reimbursement of Probuphine[®] through public insurance plans administered by Alberta, Saskatchewan, New Brunswick, Manitoba, Veterans Affairs Canada, and the NIHB. Knight's commercial focus for the remainder of the year will be on reimbursement in additional jurisdictions and physician training.

Tenapanor

On March 16, 2018, Knight entered into an exclusive licensing agreement with Ardelyx to commercialize tenapanor in Canada. Tenapanor is a first-in-class small molecule treatment that has completed Phase 3 development for IBS-C (marketed as Ibsrela[™]) and is in an ongoing Phase 3 study for hyperphosphatemia. Ardelyx received regulatory approval for Ibsrela[™] from the US FDA in September 2019. On June 26, 2019, Ibsrela[™] was accepted for review by Health Canada.

Jaguar

On September 24, 2018, Knight entered into a distribution, license and supply agreement with Jaguar that grants Knight the exclusive right to commercialize Mytesi[®] (crofelemer 125 mg delayed-release tablets) and related products in Canada and Israel and a right of first negotiation to commercialize Mytesi[®] and related products in specified Latin American countries. Mytesi[®] is a FDA-approved product in the U.S. indicated for the symptomatic relief of non-infectious diarrhea in adult patients with HIV or AIDS on ART.

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the quarter ended September 30, 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Antibe family

On November 13, 2015, Knight entered into an exclusive long-term license and distribution agreement with Antibe to commercialize its anti-inflammatory and pain product pipeline, along with certain future Antibe products, in Canada and select countries. On March 20, 2018, Antibe announced that its lead drug, ATB-346, met its primary endpoint in the Phase 2B gastrointestinal safety study. On January 21, 2019, Antibe announced that it has received approval from Health Canada to initiate the second part of its Phase 2B dose-ranging, efficacy study for its lead drug, ATB-346. The primary objective of the study is to evaluate the efficacy of ATB-346 in reducing osteoarthritis pain over a 14-day treatment period.

lluvien®

On July 21, 2015, Knight entered into an agreement with Alimera pursuant to which Knight acquired the exclusive Canadian distribution rights to Iluvien[®], a sustained release intravitreal implant for the treatment of diabetic macular edema. Iluvien[®] was approved by Health Canada on November 26, 2018 for the treatment of diabetic macular edema. In September 2019 CADTH published their final report recommending that Iluvien[®] should not be reimbursed through the public insurance plans. Knight is working with Alimera to assess the resubmission process.

Netildex®

On August 2, 2016, Knight entered into a license agreement for the exclusive rights in Canada to commercialize Netildex[®], a fixed combination of netilmicin and dexamethasone, that is indicated in adult patients (including the elderly) for the treatment of inflammatory ocular conditions of the anterior segment of the eye following cataract surgery where adjunct topical therapy to reduce the risk of bacterial infection is appropriate. Netildex[®] was approved by Health Canada on October 23, 2019.

NERLYNX®

On January 9, 2019, Knight entered into an exclusive license agreement with Puma for the exclusive right to commercialize NERLYNX[®] (neratinib) in Canada. On July 16, 2019, NERLYNX[®] was approved by Health Canada for the extended adjuvant treatment of adult patients with early stage HER2-overexpressed/amplified breast cancer following adjuvant trastuzumabbased therapy. Furthermore, in July 2019, Puma has submitted a supplemental NDA to the U.S. FDA for neratinib in combination with capecitabine for the treatment of patients with HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer who have failed two or more prior lines of HER2-directed treatments. Knight plans to launch NERLYNX[®] in late 2019. In October 2019 pERC published their initial report recommending that NERLYNX[®] should not be reimbursed through the public insurance plans. The Company has filed a feedback to the initial recommendation and is expecting a response from pERC by the end of 2019.

Triumvira family

On February 20, 2019 Knight entered into a secured loan and exclusive license agreement with Triumvira to commercialize its future approved products for Canada, Israel, Mexico, Colombia and for TAC01-CD19 for Israel, Mexico, Brazil and Colombia. Triumvira is developing novel T cell therapies that are safer and more efficacious than current gene therapy cancer treatments, including chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) and engineered T cell receptor (TCR) therapies.

TXMD

On July 31, 2018, Knight entered into an exclusive licensing agreement for the commercial rights of Joyesta[™] and Bijuva[™] in Canada and Israel. Joyesta[™] is a TXMD FDA-approved product, marketed as Imvexxy[™] (estradiol vaginal inserts) in the U.S., for the treatment of moderate-to-severe dyspareunia (vaginal pain associated with sexual activity), a symptom of vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA), due to menopause. Bijuva[™] was approved by the U.S. FDA on October 18, 2018, is a bio-identical hormone therapy combination of estradiol and progesterone in a single, oral softgel for the treatment of moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms due to menopause. On October 30, 2019, Knight announced that Joyesta[™] was accepted for review by Health Canada. Knight expects to submit the NDS in Canada for Bijuva[™] in 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the quarter ended September 30, 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Impavido®

On February 27, 2014, Knight acquired the worldwide rights to Impavido[®] as part of its business separation agreement with Paladin. Impavido[®] is an oral drug treatment based on miltefosine for the visceral, cutaneous and mucocutaneous leishmaniasis which is caused by a protozoa parasite from over 20 Leishmania species and is approved for sale in the U.S, Germany and Israel. Impavido[®] was launched in the U.S in March 2016 by Knight's commercialization partner, Profounda. On August 1, 2018, Knight out-licensed the commercial rights of Impavido[®] for the territories of Colombia, Peru, Ecuador and Paraguay to Biopas.

Arakoda™

On December 10, 2015, the Company entered into a loan agreement with 60P for the development of tafenoquine for the prevention of malaria in adults. As consideration for the loan, Knight received the commercial rights of the Product for Canada, Israel, Russia and LATAM. The Product was approved by the FDA on August 9, 2018.

Burinex®

On April 26, 2019, the Company entered into a distribution agreement with Karo for Burinex[®], a product indicated for the treatment of edema associated with congestive heart failure, cirrhosis of the liver and renal disease including the nephrotic syndrome. Under the agreement Knight will earn a nominal distribution fee on the sales of Burinex[®].

Section 8 – Strategic Lending

Knight finances other life sciences companies in all geographic markets with the goal of strengthening relationships in the life sciences industry and securing product distribution rights for Canada and select international markets. Typically, loans have low double-digit interest rates and may come with additional consideration to the Company. Loans often come with product rights or product options for Canada and select international markets. These loans strengthen Knight's ties within the life sciences industry and, in doing so, help to secure product rights for Knight either on a direct or indirect basis. As of the date hereof, Knight has seven secured loans outstanding to life sciences companies as outlined in the table below. To date, the strategic lending portfolio has led to the acquisition or in-licensing of Knight's consumer health products (as described in Section 7), the Antibe family, the 60P family, TULSA-PRO® and the Triumvira family.

Entity	In Source Currency	In Canadian Dollars ¹		
Moksha8	US\$11,993	\$15,883		
Synergy	US\$6,000	\$7,946		
60P ²	US\$6,810	\$9,018		
Triumvira	US\$5,000	\$6,622		
Crescita	C\$3,639	\$3,639		
Ember	US\$500	\$662		
Total		\$43,770		

Nominal loan balance as at September 30, 2019

¹ Converted at the Bank of Canada closing exchange rates on September 30, 2019

² Excludes 60P Convertible Debenture received as consideration for loans issued to 60P

As at September 30, 2019, the nominal loan balance outstanding was \$43,770, including \$40,131 [US\$30,303] (September 30, 2018: \$24,913, including \$20,025 [US\$15,469]). The following table summarizes the movement in loans and other receivables during the nine-month period ended September 30.

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Carrying

	Carrying value as at January 1 \$	Additions \$	Loan repayments \$	Net (loss) gain on FA ¹ \$	Foreign exchange ^{2,3} \$	Carrying value end of period \$	Current other financial assets \$	current other financial assets \$
2019								
Amortized Cost	2,964	2,046	(2,684)	_	(101)	2,225	_	2,225
FVTPL	24,711	21,249	(3,524)	(5,676)	(441)	36,319	14,121	22,198
Total	27,675	23,295	(6,208)	(5,676)	(542)	38,544	14,121	24,423

¹ Net changes related to change in the fair value of loan receivables and recognition of day 1 gains

² Recorded a loss of \$2 in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" (2018: gain of \$870) and a loss of \$540 in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations" (2018: gain of \$619)

³ During the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, recorded a gain of \$246 in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" (2018: loss of \$47) and a gain of \$141 in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations" (2018: loss of \$326)

Moksha8

On October 17, 2018 the Company entered into a strategic relationship with Moksha8, a specialty pharmaceutical company operating in Brazil and Mexico, through the issuance of a \$2,599 [US\$2,000] promissory note bearing an annual interest of 15%. The promissory note was recorded using the amortized cost method and was repaid in February 2019.

On February 15, 2019, the Company entered into a financing agreement with Moksha8 for up to \$170,525 [US\$125,000] ("Financing Agreement"), of which \$13,134 [US\$10,000] was initially issued. The loan disbursed was recorded at a relative fair value of \$13,449 [US\$10,213] upon initial measurement and subsequently accounted for at FVTPL. The loan bears interest at 15% per annum and matures five years from the issuance date. Furthermore, Knight received warrants representing 5% of the fully diluted shares of Moksha8.

On September 30, 2019, the Company loaned an additional \$1,987 [US\$1,500] as an advance of a future loan commitment to Moksha8 at an interest rate of 15% per annum. The loan matures in 2021 and was recorded at its nominal value which represents fair value and will subsequently be accounted at amortized cost. As at September 30, 2019, the total nominal loan balance outstanding was \$15,883 [US\$11,993].

Under the terms of the Financing Agreement, Knight has a remaining loan commitment of \$13,905 [US\$10,500] which will be disbursed upon Moksha8 meeting pre-defined profitability targets. In addition, the Company may issue an additional \$132,430 [US\$100,000] at Knight's sole discretion for corporate development and the acquisition of product licenses.

Triumvira

On February 20, 2019, the Company entered into a secured loan agreement with Triumvira for \$6,585 [US\$5,000] for the development of its novelty T cell therapies ("Triumvira Loan Agreement"). The loan bears interest at 15% per annum and matures on February 20, 2020. The loan was recorded at a relative fair value of \$6,264 [US\$5,000] upon initial measurement and subsequently accounted for at FVTPL. In addition, Knight received warrants to purchase 3.5% of Triumvira's fully diluted common shares and the exclusive right to commercialize Triumvira's future approved products in Canada, Israel, Mexico, Colombia and for TAC01-CD19 for Israel, Mexico, Brazil and Colombia.

Medimetriks

During 2016, Knight issued \$31,290 [US\$23,000] to Medimetriks in secured loans to support its acquisition of the exclusive U.S. development and commercialization rights of OPA-15406 from Otsuka. On March 7, 2018, Knight received an early repayment of principal of \$25,894 [US\$20,000] and interest and fees of \$3,569 [US\$2,757]. Subsequent to the early repayment and scheduled principal repayments of \$2,923 [US\$2,250], the outstanding loan balance was \$1,005 [US\$750]. The remaining loan balance was repaid in full on June 18, 2019.

Non-

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Section 9 – Strategic Investments

Fund Investments

Knight invests in life sciences venture capital funds in which the Company earns a return similar to any other limited partner in the fund and may receive preferential access to innovative healthcare products from around the world for Canada and select international markets. Since inception of the fund strategy, Knight has committed to invest with the following capital fund managers for approximately \$126,653 of which \$45,830 remains committed as at September 30, 2019. To date, the investments in venture capital funds have led to the Canadian in-license of Iluvien® from Alimera and a portfolio of products from Advaxis. Knight does not expect to invest in additional venture capital funds.

	Fund Commitments	
Entity	In Source Currency	In Canadian Dollars ¹
Teralys Capital	C\$30,000	\$30,000
Domain Associates LLC	US\$25,000	\$29,063
Forbion Capital Partners	EUR 19,500	\$27,550
Sectoral Asset Management ²	US\$13,000	\$13,919
Sanderling Ventures LLC	US\$10,000	\$11,625
HarbourVest Partners LLC	C\$10,000	\$10,000
TVM Capital GmbH	US\$1,600	\$1,996
Bloom Burton Healthcare Lending Trust ³	C\$1,500	\$1,500
Genesys Capital Management (Fund III) Inc.	C\$1,000	\$1,000
Total		\$126,653

¹ Converted at the Bank of Canada noon exchange rates as of the commitment date (using the September 30, 2019 closing rates total fund commitment would be \$136,275)

² Knight received a full return of capital from its US\$13,000 investment in Sectoral's NEMO II and subsequently committed to reinvest US\$10,000 into Sectoral's NEMO III

³ Represents an investment in a debt fund

Since the inception of the strategic fund investments, the Company invested \$113,272 and received distributions of \$47,953 on which a gain of \$15,486 was realized. Furthermore, as at September 30, 2019, the fund investments were recorded at their fair value of \$118,137 representing a cumulative unrealized gain of \$52,818. The following table summarizes the movement in fund investments during quarter ended September 30, 2019.

								Non-
							Current	current
	Carrying					Carrying	other	other
	value as at			Net gain	Foreign	value end	financial	financial
	January 1	Additions ¹	Distributions ²	on FA	exchange ^{3,4}	of period	assets	assets
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2019	87,054	18,434	(9,177)	25,733	(3,907)	118,137	_	118,137

¹ Investments in equity or debt funds including US\$3,301 and EUR 2,642 (2018: including US\$6,668 and EUR 2,686)

² Distributions received from funds including US\$1,665 and EUR 724 (2018: including US\$1,275 and EUR 2,586)

³ Recorded a loss of \$2,134 in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" (2018: gain of \$348) and \$1,773 in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations" (2018: gain of \$995)

⁴ During the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, recorded a loss of \$1,082 in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" (2018: loss of \$123) and a gain of \$855 in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations" (2018: gain of \$894)

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Other investments

Investment in Crescita

During the quarter ended September 30, 2019, Knight disposed of 899,200 common shares of Crescita at an average price of \$1.02 per share for total proceeds of \$916. The common shares sold were previously acquired by Knight at an average cost of \$0.60 per share. As at September 30, 2019, Knight owned an aggregate of 1,935,489 common shares and 396,000 warrants of Crescita.

For additional details regarding the movement in equities or derivatives held by Knight throughout the quarter, refer to note 7 "Other Financial Assets" of the Interim Financial Statements.

Section 10 – Rest of World Strategy

Knight's international strategy is focused on identifying potential products and companies that fit within its existing business model, but that are located in select areas such as Israel, Latin America, Middle East, Australia, Romania, Russia, Sub-Saharan Africa, and other countries excluding the U.S., Western Europe, Japan and China. Knight intends to continue its growth by becoming an international specialty pharmaceutical company and believes that these countries provide potentially significant growth and value opportunities.

Expansion in LATAM

Subsequent to the quarter ended September 30, 2019, the Company has entered into a definitive agreement to acquire 51.2% of GBT. For further details refer to Section 27.

Investment in Medison

On September 9, 2015, Knight acquired a 28.3% ownership interest in Medison, a privately-owned specialty pharmaceutical company based in Israel. The consideration given for the equity interest in Medison amounted to \$82,001, which includes the fair value of 10,330,884 common shares of Knight issued to Medison and its controlling shareholder and a contingent consideration of \$1,100. In addition, the Company incurred \$217 of transaction costs which were capitalized with the investment. On June 16, 2016, the Company issued 250,000 common shares at a price of \$8.29 per share for \$2,073 and reduced the amount of contingent consideration recorded in contributed surplus upon the initial investment in Medison by \$943. Consequently, the Company recorded an increase of \$1,130 in the investment in associate. There is no further contingent consideration payable to Medison.

The interest in Medison is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The investment was originally recorded at cost and subsequently adjusted to include the Company's share of Medison's net income and any dividends issued to the Company. The net income is adjusted to reflect the amortization of the fair value adjustments related to the Company's share of the net identifiable assets of Medison acquired and their tax impact.

This selected information is derived from our Interim Financial Statements.

	Q3-19	Q2-19	Q1-19	Q4-18	Q3-18	Q2-18	Q1-18	Q4-17
Carrying value of investment	73,729	74,623	75,402	79,145	79,031	78,990	77,697	75 <i>,</i> 983
Amortization of FMV adjustments	(1,377)	(1,378)	(1,378)	(1,377)	(1,378)	(1,378)	(1,378)	(1,529)
Share of net income (loss), net of FMV adjustment	128	(372)	692	114	89	(151)	503	341
Dividends	-		4,159	—	—	_	—	—

The Company is presenting select financial information derived from Medison's consolidated financial statements, excluding amortization of fair value adjustments on acquisition in ILS using Israeli GAAP converted into IFRS in CAD for information purposes:

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

	Q3-19	Q2-19	Q1-19	Q4-18	Q3-18	Q2-18	Q1-18	Q4-17
Revenues	77,735	74,761	75,303	72,650	63,482	64,260	60,259	57,399
Net income	5,324	3,558	7,322	5,262	5,189	4,352	6,653	6,614

RISK MANAGEMENT

Section 11

11.1 Currency Risk

Knight holds a significant portion of its net financial assets in US\$ and EUR which results in financial risk due to fluctuations in the value of the currencies relative to the Canadian dollar. Assuming that all other variables remain constant, a 5% change in the Canadian dollar against the US\$ and EUR would have resulted in a change in the statement of income and comprehensive income of \$11,555 and \$1,329, respectively.

Subsequent to September 30, 2019, the Company entered into forward contracts which is the equivalent to holding BRL 820,662 in terms of financial risk. The forward contracts will be used to fund the acquisition of GBT. As a result, the Company is exposed to additional currency risk due to fluctuations of the BRL relative to the Canadian dollar.

11.2 Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk arises from changes in market prices of the equity and fund investments and derivatives. The carrying values of investments subject to equity price risk are \$131,348 as at September 30, 2019 (December 31, 2018: \$98,553). The Company monitors its equity investments for impairment on a periodic basis and at least every reporting period. Market prices are subject to fluctuation and, consequently, the amount realized in the subsequent sale of an investment may significantly differ from the reported market value. Fluctuation in the market price of a security may result from perceived changes in the underlying economic characteristics of the investee, the relative price of alternative investments and general market conditions. Furthermore, amounts realized in the sale of a particular security may be affected by the relative quantity of the security being sold. The Company's Board of Directors regularly reviews and approves equity investment decisions.

11.3 Interest Rate Risk

The Company is subject to interest rate risk on the interest income generated on its cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. Details regarding maturity dates and effective interest rates are described in notes 3 and 4 of the Interim Financial Statements. Assuming that all other variables remain constant, a 1% decline on the interest rate generated on cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities would have result in a reduction of interest income of \$7,001 over a one-year period.

11.4 Liquidity Risk

The majority of the Company's financial liabilities are short term in nature. The Company generates sufficient cash from operating activities to fund its operations and fulfil its obligations as they become due. The Company has sufficient funds available through its cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, should its cash requirements exceed cash generated from operations to cover all financial liability obligations. As at September 30, 2019, there were no restrictions on the flow of these funds nor have any of these funds been committed in any way, except as set out in note 18 of the Interim Financial Statements.

11.5 Credit Risk

The Company considers its maximum credit risk to be \$168,182 (December 31, 2018: \$125,270) which is the total of the following assets; trade and accounts receivable, interest receivable, loans receivable and investment in funds.

The marketable securities and cash equivalent balances are subject to minimal risk of changes in value and are invested in institutions with a S&P or DBRS credit rating of A or R1(low) or better which are invested in the following:

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

- three Canadian financial institutions & two foreign affiliates of Canadian financial institutions
- one Canadian corporation
- five Canadian credit unions

The Company is exposed to credit risk from its customers and continually monitors its customers' credit. It establishes the ECL based upon days past due and the likelihood of collection for each customer. The credit risk on loans and interest receivable is due to the risk of insolvency or operational failure of the partners in the strategic lending transaction. The Company has assessed that loans measured at FVTPL have S&P credit ratings between CCC+ and CC. The Company also has a credit risk on its investment in funds and derivatives which are held through venture funds or issued by a counterparty.

11.6 Risk Factors

For a detailed discussion of additional risk factors, please refer to the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2018 on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Section 12 – Selected Quarterly Financial Information

	Q3-19	Q2-19	Q1-19	Q4-18	Q3-18	Q2-18	Q1-18	Q4-17
Revenues Net (loss) income	4,030 (2,959)	3,204 18,956	2,956 5,189	3,888 221	3,220 12,930	2,238 4,019	3,154 6,909	2,544 7,145
EPS Basic Diluted	(0.021) (0.021)	0.133 0.132	0.036 0.036	0.002 0.002	0.091 0.090	0.028 0.028	0.048 0.048	0.050 0.050
Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities	700,092	745,272	748,411	787,062	775,046	806,746	802,425	765,033
Total assets Total non-current liabilities	1,022,261 5,812	1,074,371 6,339	1,058,191 5,440	1,051,832 4,615	1,041,506 3,261	1,029,133 1,127	1,016,853 1,171	1,005,983 515

This selected information is derived from our Interim Financial Statements.

The Company has not paid dividends on its common shares and does not anticipate declaring any dividends in the near future.

Section 13 – Outstanding Share Data

The table below summarizes the share data:

As at	November 12, 2019	September 30, 2019
Common Shares	135,629,136	135,717,148
Stock Options	4,774,734	4,774,734
Warrants	406,126	406,126

On July 8, 2019, the Company announced that the Toronto Stock Exchange approved its notice of intention to make a NCIB. A copy of the notice to commence the NCIB is available without charge by contacting the Company by email at info@gudknight.com or by phone at 514-484-4483.

Under the terms of the NCIB, Knight may purchase for cancellation up to 12,053,693 common shares of the Company which

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(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

represented 10% of its public float as at July 2, 2019. The NCIB commenced on July 11, 2019 and will end on the earlier of July 10, 2020 or when the Company completes its maximum purchases under the NCIB.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2019, the Company has purchased 7,174,137 common shares, for an aggregate cash consideration of \$54,283, which was allocated between share capital and retained earnings. As at September 30, 2019, 12,900 of the common shares purchased remain to be cancelled.

As at November 12, 2019, Knight has purchased a total of 7,249,249 common shares for an aggregate cash consideration of \$54,830 and has 135,629,136 common shares outstanding.

Section 14 – Use of Proceeds from Financing

To date, Knight has raised net proceeds of approximately \$685,000 from five public offerings. In our short form prospectuses related to the offerings, Knight disclosed that its intent was to use a substantial portion of the net proceeds (i) for potential acquisitions of (a) in-licensing of over-the-counter and prescription pharmaceutical products and targeted promotion of these products, and (b) specialty pharmaceutical businesses in select international markets, (ii) for financing of other life sciences companies in Canada and internationally as well as for investments in funds focused in the life sciences sector, and (iii) the remainder for general corporate purposes.

As at September 30, 2019, Knight had deployed and invested or committed to deploy and invest over \$350,000 for the purposes disclosed in the prospectuses, as described above. Pending the application of the remainder of the net proceeds, Knight has invested part of the net proceeds in short-term investment-grade securities and bank deposits, and holds the remainder in cash. Knight anticipates that it has sufficient funds available to achieve its business objectives and milestones as listed in the prospectuses.

Subsequent to the quarter ended September 30, 2019, the Company has entered into a definitive agreement to acquire 51.2% of GBT. For further details refer to Section 27.

Section 15 – Payment of Dividends

The Company has not paid dividends on its common shares since inception and does not anticipate declaring dividends in the foreseeable future. Knight's current policy is to retain earnings to finance the acquisition and development of new products and to reinvest in the growth of the Company. Any future determination to pay dividends is at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors and will depend on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements and other such factors as the Board of Directors of the Company deems relevant.

Section 16 – Product Pricing Regulation on Certain Patented Drug Products

All patented drug products that form part of Knight's portfolio of products are subject to pricing regulation by the PMPRB, a federal agency tasked with ensuring that prices of patented medicines are not excessive. For new patented products, the maximum non-excessive price in Canada is limited to a range with a lower bound set by the prices of existing comparable drugs sold in Canada and an upper bound set by the median prices for the same drug sold in a specified set of developed comparator countries. For existing patented products, prices cannot be increased annually by more than a factor based on Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index. The PMPRB monitors compliance through a review of the average transaction price of each patented drug product as reported by pharmaceutical companies like Knight on a semi-annual basis. The PMPRB may from time to time deem certain of Knight's existing or future patented products to be excessively priced based on the application of its empowering legislation and regulations, including those related to price increases, the comparative assessment of new products and reductions in the highest price in international reference countries. Such determinations by the PMPRB may have a material adverse effect on Knight's financial condition and results of operations or cash flows.

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

The Canadian federal government has made a commitment to reduce the cost of prescription drug pending in Canada. On December 2, 2017, Health Canada published the following proposed key changes:

- changes in the comparator countries used to determine price ceilings. The changes include removal of the US (which generally has the highest international drug prices) and Switzerland and addition of seven new countries judged to have similar consumer protection-oriented mandates and relative wealth as Canada;
- new, economics-based price regulatory factors to allow the PMPRB to regulate based on the value of a medicine and its impact on the health care system; and,
- changes to certain reporting requirements, including reporting all discounts and rebates provided to third-party payers, such as provincial drug plans.

On August 21, 2019, the federal government published the final regulations governing the PMPRB. The new regulations include eleven countries as comparators and will come into force on July 1, 2020. Furthermore, the draft guidelines to clarify the mechanism and other details of the implementation of the amended regulations are expected to be released in Q4-19.

The regulatory changes to the PMPRB may have a significant adverse effect on the price of patented drugs sold by the Corporation in Canada and may limit the Corporation's ability to in-license and launch products in Canada due to more restrictive pricing regulations.

Section 17 – Financial Instruments

The Company's investment policy regulates the investment activities relating to cash resources. The Company invests in strategic investments in the form of equity funds, debt funds, equity or liquid investment securities with varying terms to maturity, selected with regard to the expected timing of investments and expenditures for continuing operations, and prevailing interest rates.

Section 18 – Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company's off-balance sheet arrangements consist of contractual obligations and agreements for development, sales, marketing and distribution rights to innovative drug products. The effect of terminating these arrangements under normal operating circumstances consists of an effective transition of the remaining responsibilities and obligations to the licensor under agreed upon time frames and conditions. Please refer to note 18 of the Interim Financial Statements for the period ended September 30, 2019 for additional information. Other than these contractual obligations and commitments, the Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources that are material to investors.

Section 19 – Commitments

In the normal course of business, the Company secures development, sales, marketing and distribution rights to innovative drug products requiring royalties or product payments considered normal operating commitments and as such not included herein. The Company has entered into various agreements which include contractual obligations extending beyond the current year. These obligations are classified into three major categories: fund commitments, milestones and purchase commitments, equity and loan commitments and acquisition commitments. The commitments of the Company as at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the quarter ended September 30, 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

[i] Fund commitments

As at September 30, 2019, under the terms of Company's agreements with life sciences venture capital funds, \$45,830 (December 31, 2018: \$61,973), including \$12,835 [US\$9,692] and \$9,159 [EUR 6,344], may be called over the life of the funds (based on the closing foreign exchange rates).

As at November 12, 2019, \$44,638 remains to be called by life science venture capital funds.

[ii] Milestones and purchase commitments

Under certain agreements, Knight may have to pay additional consideration should the Company achieve certain sales volumes or if certain milestones are met, such as regulatory approval in Canada. The Company may have to pay up to \$98,306 including \$30,862 [US\$23,305] and \$505 [EUR 350] upon achieving certain sales volumes, regulatory or other milestones related to specific products.

In addition, Knight has a commitment to purchase up to \$2,020 [EUR 738 and US\$721], of inventory for pharmaceutical products during the five-year period after their respective commercial launch. Furthermore, Knight has committed to certain sales force and marketing spend obligations during the five-year period after the commercial launch of one of its products.

[iii] Equity and loan commitments

Subject to a loan agreement with a borrower, Knight has committed to up to a maximum equity investment of \$3,311 [US\$2,500] to participate in the initial public offering of the borrower.

Subject to the Moksha8 Financing Agreement, Knight has committed to loan up to an additional \$13,905 [US\$10,500] should the borrower meet certain pre-defined profitability targets over its 2020 to 2021 financial years.

[iii] Acquisition commitment

Subsequent to the quarter ended September 30, 2019, the Company has entered into a definitive agreement to acquire 51.2% of GBT. For further details refer to Section 27.

Section 20 – Related Party Transactions

Pharmascience Inc., a company related to the Company's CEO, provided administrative services of approximately \$11 to the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2019.

Section 21 – Segment Reporting

The Company has one reportable segment, and its principal business activity is focused on developing, acquiring, in-licensing, out-licensing, marketing and distributing innovative pharmaceutical products, consumer health products and medical devices in Canada and select international markets.

For the three and nine-month period ended September 30, 2019, revenues from products sold in Canada and internationally were \$551 and \$3,479 (2018: \$485 and \$2,735) and \$1,727 and \$8,463 (2018: \$1,691 and \$6,921) respectively. Furthermore, non-current operating assets consisting of property and equipment, intangible assets, investment in associate and other receivables held in Canada and internationally were \$134,635 and \$1,303 respectively (December 31, 2018: \$118,114 and \$2,610).

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Section 22 – Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts or revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Reported amounts and note disclosures reflect the overall economic conditions that are most likely to occur and anticipated measures management intends to take. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. Our significant accounting estimates and assumptions are reported in note 3 of our 2018 Annual Financial Statements and note 2.2 of our Interim Financial Statements.

Section 23 – Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in 2019

The Company applied IFRS 16 for the first time effective January 1, 2019. The nature and effect of the changes as a result of adoption of these new accounting standards are described below. Refer to note 2 of the Interim Financial Statements for further details on the new accounting standards adopted. The Company has not early adopted any standards, interpretations or amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Impact of transition to IFRS 16

The Company adopted IFRS 16 using the full modified retrospective approach on January 1, 2019. The Company elected to not separate lease and non-lease components from payments and account for both as a single lease component. As a result of the transition, the Company recognized \$1,139 of lease liabilities and \$1,121 of right-of-use assets and with no net impact on opening retained earnings. The following table summarizes the effect of transition to IFRS 16 on the Company's condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at January 1, 2019.

	December 31, 2018	Transition Impact	January 1, 2019	
	\$	\$	\$	
ASSETS				
Property and equipment	794	1,121	1,915	
CURRENT LIABILITES				
Lease Liabilities	-	273	273	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITES				
Lease Liabilities	_	866	866	

The following table reconciles the Company's operating lease commitments as at December 31, 2018, to the lease obligations recognized on initial application of IFRS 16.

	\$
Operating lease commitments at December 31, 2018	1,125
Adjustments ¹ :	
Present value adjustment on lease commitment	(60)
Extension options expected to be exercised not included in lease commitments	74
Lease obligations as at January 1, 2019	1,139
1 Discounted using UDD of 2 0.0%	

¹ Discounted using IBR of 3.00%

IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment

In June 2017, the IASB released IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over income tax treatments ("IFRIC 23"), which is effective on January 1, 2019. IFRIC 23 clarifies accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of IAS 12 Income Taxes and does not apply to taxes outside the scope of IAS 12, nor does it specifically include

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the quarter ended September 30, 2019

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments. It specifically addresses whether an entity considers each tax treatment independently or collectively, the assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities, how an entity determines taxable profit or loss, tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates and how an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances. The Company has concluded that IFRIC 23 has no material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Section 24 – Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company is committed to providing timely, accurate and balanced disclosure of all material information about the Company and to providing fair and equal access to such information. Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining its DC&P to ensure that information used internally and disclosed externally is complete and reliable. Due to the inherent limitations in all control systems, an evaluation of controls can provide only reasonable, not absolute assurance, that all control issues and instances of fraud or error, if any, within the Company have been detected. Management continues to evolve and enhance its system of controls and procedures.

Section 25 – Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate ICFR. The Company has designed ICFR to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

All control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls or procedures. As a result, there is no certainty that our DC&P or ICFR will prevent all errors or all fraud.

During 2019, there was no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

Section 26 – Litigations

On March 21, 2019, the Company filed a legal action in Lod, Israel (District Court Center-Lod) against Medison, Medison's CEO Meir Jakobsohn, and Tzalir Holdings Ltd., Mr. Jakobsohn's personal holding company. The Company, in its capacity as a shareholder of Medison, is seeking to prevent Mr. Jakobsohn from using Medison's cash reserves to fund an activist campaign against the Company. The Company asserts that Medison's conduct constitutes shareholder discrimination and is improper and oppressive under Israeli companies law. The defendants have filed a statement of defence and the Company has filed a statement of response to Medison's defence.

On March 28, 2019, Medison filed a separate legal action in Lod, Israel (District Court Center-Lod) against the Company and its chief executive officer, Jonathan Ross Goodman. Medison is asking the court to remove Mr. Goodman from Medison's board of directors as the Company's nominee director and to order the Company appoint another individual to replace him. Medison alleges that Mr. Goodman is in a conflict of interest. The Company intends to vigorously contest the lawsuit. The Company has filed a statement of defence and Medison has filed a statement of response to the Company's defence.

A pre-trial hearing, originally set for June 12, 2019, was rescheduled to November 10, 2019 and was subsequently postponed to January 15, 2020, to deal with procedural matters with respect to both actions as well as a separate action filed by Mr. Goodman in his capacity as a director of Medison.

(In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

Section 27 – Subsequent Events

[i] Biotoscana Investments S.A.

GBT is an established and profitable Latin American pharmaceutical company headquartered in Montevideo, Uruguay and with presence in 10 countries throughout the region. GBT is the LATAM partner of choice for multinational pharmaceutical companies and has a diversified portfolio of innovative products as well as a branded generics portfolio. For the trailing twelve-month period ending June 30, 2019, GBT generated revenue² of \$240,000¹ [BRL 754,000] and adjusted EBITDA³ of \$49,000¹ [BRL 154,000] with Brazil, Argentina and Colombia representing about 86% of revenues.

On October 18, 2019, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement to acquire 51.2% of GBT (B3: GBIO33) at BRL 10.96 per share or approximately \$189,000¹ [BRL 596,000] ("Share Purchase Agreement"). The transaction is expected to close on November 29, 2019, upon which 80% of the purchase price will be paid to the sellers and the remaining 20% will be deposited in an escrow account as a guarantee against the sellers' indemnification obligations. The escrow will be released equally over a period of three years, net of claims, according to the terms and conditions of the Share Purchase Agreement.

Following the closing of the Share Purchase Agreement, Knight will launch a mandatory tender offer to acquire the remaining 48.8% common shares of GBT ("Tender Process") which trade as Brazilian Depository Receipts ("BDRs") on Brasil Bolsa Balcão S.A. ("B3"), in Brazil. Assuming all public shareholders tender their shares, Knight expects to pay approximately \$180,000¹ [BRL 568,000]. The Tender Process is expected to take 4 to 8 months from launch to close. Following the close of the Share Purchase Agreement and the Tender Process, Knight expects to have paid a total of approximately \$369,000¹ [BRL 1,164,000] for the common shares and an additional \$49,000¹ [BRL 154,000] to cover GBT's net financial debt.

[ii] Netildex

On October 23, 2019, Netildex[®] was approved by Health Canada for the treatment of inflammatory ocular conditions of the anterior segment of the eye following cataract surgery where adjunct topical therapy to reduce the risk of bacterial infection is appropriate.

[iii] Joyesta

On October 30, 2019, Knight announced that Joyesta[™] was accepted for review by Health Canada for the treatment of postmenopausal symptoms of vulvar and vaginal atrophy due to estrogen deficiency to Health Canada.

¹Amounts translated at the BRL to CAD closing exchange rate as of October 18, 2019 of 3.145. The price in Canadian dollars will vary depending on the exchange rate.

²Excluding the impact of hyperinflation accounting for Argentina.

³Adjusted EBITDA does not have a standard meaning prescribed by IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other publicly traded companies and should not be construed as an alternative to other financial measures determined in accordance with IFRS. Adjusted EBITDA has been calculated based on the definition disclosed by GBT in their Financial Statements, adjusted for the impact of IFRS 16 and the impact of hyperinflation accounting for Argentina. Per GBT, EBITDA is defined as operating profit before financial expenses and income taxes, plus amortization and depreciation. Adjusted EBITDA refers to EBITDA as adjusted to remove accounting effects and costs associated with some non-recurring income and expenses considered by management to be non-recurring and exceptional in nature.

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

KNIGHT THERAPEUTICS INC.

September 30, 2019

NOTICE TO READER

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Knight Therapeutics Inc. ("Knight" or the "Company") which comprise the interim condensed consolidated balance sheet as at September 30, 2019, the interim condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, the interim condensed consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity and the interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2019, are the responsibility of the Company's management. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited or reviewed on behalf of the shareholders by the independent external auditors, Ernst & Young LLP.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management and include the selection of appropriate accounting principles, judgments and estimates necessary to prepare these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. Management has determined such amounts on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects. The Company's accounting procedures and related systems of internal controls are designed to provide a reasonable assurance that its assets are safeguarded and its financial records are reliable. Readers are cautioned that these interim condensed consolidated financial statements for their purposes.

<u>(signed)</u> Jonathan Ross Goodman Jonathan Ross Goodman Chief Executive Officer (signed) Samira Sakhia

Samira Sakhia President and Chief Financial Officer

Montreal, Canada November 12, 2019 Montreal, Canada November 12, 2019

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

[In thousands of Canadian dollars]

[Unaudited]

As at	Notes	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	319,125	244,785
Marketable securities	4	243,790	445,003
Trade and other receivables	5	12,644	11,756
Inventories		472	1,136
Other current financial assets	7, 8	22,758	14,030
Income taxes receivable		729	821
Total current assets		599,518	717,531
Marketable securities	4	137,177	97,274
Property and equipment		1,679	794
Intangible assets	6	18,948	17,475
Other financial assets	7, 8	148,323	113,314
Investment in associate	9	73,729	79,145
Deferred income tax assets		1,305	2,959
Other receivable	10	41,582	23,340
Total assets		1,022,261	1,051,832
Current		9,298	6 100
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11 []	35,987	6,100
Automatic share purchase plan liability	11 [v]	298	_
Lease liabilities		12,587	10 70
Income taxes payable		100	10,705
Other balances payable			197
Deferred other income		F0 370	183
Total current liabilities		58,270	17,185
Lease liabilities		703	_
Other balances payable		5,109	4,615
Total liabilities		64,082	21,800
Shareholders' equity		600 4	
Share capital	11 [i], [iv], [v]	698,115	761,844
Warrants		785	785
Contributed surplus		15,965	14,326
Accumulated other comprehensive income	12	15,909	20,955
Retained earnings	11 [iv], [v]	227,405	232,122
Total shareholders' equity		958,179	1,030,032
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		1,022,261	1,051,832

Subsequent Event [note 21]

See accompanying notes

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

[Unaudited]

			Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	Notes	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Powerues		4.020	2 220	10 100	9 613	
Revenues		4,030 750	3,220 609	10,190	8,612	
Cost of goods sold		3,280	2,611	1,752 8,438	1,781 6,831	
Gross margin		5,280	2,011	0,430	0,031	
Expenses						
Selling and marketing		1,125	1,000	3,260	2,681	
General and administrative		4,649	1,833	12,034	5,865	
Research and development		892	438	2,502	1,499	
		(3,386)	(660)	(9,358)	(3,214)	
Depreciation of property and equipment		112	28	305	63	
Amortization of intangible assets	6	424	481	1,273	1,367	
Interest income on financial instruments measured at	U	(4,825)	(3,864)	(14,651)	(10,956)	
amortized cost		(4,023)	(3,004)	(14,001)	(10,550)	
Other interest income		(1,233)	(1,092)	(3,457)	(4,034)	
Other income		(1,579)	(385)	(1,949)	(1,773)	
Net loss (gain) on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	7	4,883	(10,924)	(19,649)	(14,349)	
Share of net income of associate	9	(128)	(89)	(448)	(441)	
Foreign exchange loss (gain)		638	1,117	3,315	(1,431)	
(Loss) income before income taxes		(1,678)	14,068	25,903	28,340	
Income tax expense (recovery)						
Current		999	1,891	3,168	3,443	
Deferred		282	(753)	1,549	1,039	
Net (loss) income for the period		(2,959)	12,930	21,186	23,858	
Attributable to shareholders of the Company						
Basic net (loss) earnings per share	13	(0.021)	0.091	0.150	0.167	
Diluted net (loss) earnings per share	13	(0.021)	0.090	0.150	0.167	
Weighted average number of common shares outstan	ding					
Basic	13	137,783,892	142,831,656	141,147,239	142,821,725	
Diluted	13	138,154,629	143,339,800	141,519,892	143,263,836	

See accompanying notes

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

[In thousands of Canadian dollars]

[Unaudited]

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months endeo September 30	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net (loss) income for the period	(2,959)	12,930	21,186	23,858
Other comprehensive income or loss to be reclassified to statement				
of income in subsequent periods:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on translation of foreign operations	2,589	(3,298)	(6,339)	5,838
Other comprehensive income or loss not to be reclassified to				
statement of income in subsequent periods:				
Net income (loss) on equity investments at fair value through other	738	(3,164)	2,999	(5 <i>,</i> 595)
comprehensive income net of tax of \$124 and \$373 for the three				
and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2019 (\$60 and \$178				
for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018)				
Share of other comprehensive (loss) income of associate net of tax	(1,023)	(48)	(1,706)	2,607
of \$323 and \$539 for the three and nine-month periods ended				
September 30, 2019 (\$15 and \$823 for the three and nine-month				
periods ended September 30, 2018)				
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	2,304	(6,510)	(5,046)	2,850
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period	(655)	6,420	16,140	26,708

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

[In thousands of Canadian dollars]

[Unaudited]

	Notes	Share capital	Warrants	Contributed surplus	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Retained earnings	Total shareholders' equity
Balance as at January 1, 2018		761,490	785	12,196	9,215	208,043	991,729
Net income for the period		_	-	_	_	23,858	23,858
Other comprehensive income for the period		—	_	—	2,850	—	2,850
Comprehensive income		-	_	_	2,850	23,858	26,708
Share-based compensation expense	11 [ii]	_	_	1,707	_	_	1,707
Issuance under share option plan		130	-	(40)	_	_	90
Issuance under share purchase plan	11 [iii]	168	-	_	—	_	168
Balance as at September 30, 2018		761,788	785	13,863	12,065	231,901	1,020,402
Balance as at January 1, 2019		761,844	785	14,326	20,955	232,122	1,030,032
Net income for the period		_	_	_	_	21,186	21,186
Other comprehensive loss for the period		—	-	—	(5,046)	—	(5,046)
Comprehensive (loss) income		_	_	_	(5,046)	21,186	16,140
Share-based compensation expense	11 [ii]	_	_	1,639	_	_	1,639
Issuance under share purchase plan	11 [iii]	213	-	_	_	_	213
Repayment of share purchase loans		425	-	_	-	-	425
Shares purchased under Normal Course Issuer Bid	11 [iv]	(38,310)	-	_	_	(15,973)	(54,283)
Automatic share purchase plan liability pursuant to Normal Course Issuer Bid	11 [v]	(26,057)	_	_	_	(9,930)	(35,987)
Balance as at September 30, 2019		698,115	785	15,965	15,909	227,405	958,179

See accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

[In thousands of Canadian dollars]

[Unaudited]						
			ee months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	Notes	2019	2018	2019	2018	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net income for the period		(2,959)	12,930	21,186	23,858	
Adjustments reconciling net income to operating cash flows:						
Deferred tax		282	(753)	1,549	1,039	
Share-based compensation expense	11 [ii]	484	520	1,639	1,707	
Depreciation and amortization		536	509	1,578	1,430	
Net loss (gain) on financial assets		4,883	(10,924)	(19,649)	(14,349	
Other income		(180)	-	(180)	_	
Foreign exchange loss (gain)		638	1,117	3,315	(1,431	
Share of net income of associate	9	(128)	(89)	(448)	(441	
Deferred other income		—	(4)	(183)	(143	
		3,556	3,306	8,807	11,670	
Changes in non-cash working capital and other items	15	472	118	2,368	2,678	
Increase in other receivable	10	_	(23,340)	(18,242)	(23,340	
Dividends from associate	9	-	_	4,159	_	
Cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities		4,028	(19,916)	(2,908)	(8,992	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of marketable securities		(20,300)	(115,274)	(203,445)	(398,791	
Purchase of intangible		(328)	(110)27 17	(2,317)	(3,000	
Purchase of property and equipment		(0=0)	(9)	(4)	(95	
Issuance of loans receivables		(1,987)	(510)	(20,038)	(1,341	
		(1,507)	(26,054)	(20,030)	(26,764	
Purchase of equities		(5.004)			-	
Investment in funds		(5,864)	(6,358)	(18,434)	(20,560	
Proceeds on maturity of marketable securities		90,543	30,755	362,091	196,164	
Proceeds from repayments of loans receivable		873	3,833	3,574	38,867	
Proceeds from disposal of equities		1,676	19,869	1,676	20,884	
Proceeds from distribution of funds		8,500	328	9,177	6,427	
Cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities		73,113	(93,420)	132,274	(188,209	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		—	90	—	90	
Proceeds from contributions to share purchase plan		62	58	178	149	
Proceeds from repayment of share purchase loans		425	_	425	-	
Repurchase of common shares through Normal Course Issuer Bid		(54,181)	-	(54,181)	_	
Principal repayment of lease liabilities		(68)	_	(205)	_	
Cash (outflow) inflow from financing activities		(53,762)	148	(53,783)	239	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the period		23,379	(113,188)	75,583	(196,962	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period		294,911	418,358	244,785	496,460	
Net foreign exchange difference		835	(1,948)	(1,243)	3,724	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period		319,125	303,222	319,125	303,222	
Supplemental cash flow information:						
Interest received		5,634	2,816	16,897	14,479	
Net income taxes recovered (paid)			102	(1,197)	(301	

See accompanying notes

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Company
60P	60° Pharmaceuticals LLC
Crescita	Crescita Therapeutics Inc.
GBT	Biotoscana Investments S.A.
Knight or the Company	Knight Therapeutics Inc.
Medimetriks	Medimetriks Pharmaceuticals Inc.
Medison	Medison Biotech (1995) Ltd.
Moksha8	Moksha8, Inc.
Synergy	Synergy CHC Corp.
Triumvira	Triumvira Immunologics Inc.
Abbreviation	Financial
BRL	Brazilian Real
CAD	Canadian Dollar
EUR	Euro
US\$	U.S. Dollar
Abbreviation	Other
ASPP	Automatic share purchase plan for purchase of shares under the Normal Course Issuer Bid
BDN	Bearer deposit note(s)
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
CRA	Canada Revenue Agency
FA	Financial Assets
FDA	Food and Drug Administration (United States)
FV	Fair value
FVOCI	Fair value through other comprehensive income
FVTPL	Fair value through profit or loss
GIC	Guaranteed investment certificates
IBR	Incremental borrowing rate
NCIB	Normal Course Issuer Bid
PRV	Priority Review Voucher

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Description of business

The Company was incorporated on November 1, 2013 under the Canada Business Corporations Act. Knight is a specialty pharmaceutical company and its principal business activity is developing, acquiring, in-licensing, out-licensing, marketing and distributing pharmaceutical products, consumer health products and medical devices in Canada and select international markets. The Company is located at 3400 de Maisonneuve Boulevard West, Suite 1055, Montreal, Quebec, H3Z 3B8. Knight is listed on Toronto Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "GUD".

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of presentation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2 "Summary of significant accounting policies" of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, except for changes in accounting policies described in note 2.2. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have been omitted or condensed.

2.2 New standards adopted

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 except for IFRS 16 adopted on January 1, 2019. The Company has not adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

IFRS 16 Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 Leases ("IFRS 16") which is effective on January 1, 2019 and replaces IAS 17 Leases ("IAS 17") and related interpretations. IFRS 16 provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring the recognition of assets and liabilities for all leases, unless the lease term is less than 12 months or the underlying asset has a low value. The following summarizes the accounting policy used by the Company upon adoption of IFRS 16.

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the inception of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the inception date less any lease incentives received. The recognized right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term and are presented as "Property and Equipment" on the consolidated balance sheet.

Lease liabilities

At the inception date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

The Company uses the IBR to calculate the fair value of lease payments at the lease inception date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the inception date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Transition to IFRS 16

The Company adopted IFRS 16 using the full modified retrospective approach on January 1, 2019. The Company elected to not separate lease and non-lease components from payments and account for both as a single lease component.

Lease liabilities at the transition date have been measured at the present value of remaining lease payments, discounted at the related IBR as at January 1, 2019. Right-of-use assets have been measured at their carrying amounts as if IFRS 16 had been applied since the lease inception date using the related IBR for the remaining lease period as at January 1, 2019. As a result of the transition, the Company recognized \$1,139 of lease liabilities and \$1,121 of right-of-use assets and with no net impact on opening retained earnings.

The following table summarizes the effect of transition to IFRS 16 on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as at January 1, 2019.

	December 31, 2018 \$	Transition Impact \$	January 1, 2019 \$
ASSETS Property and equipment	794	1,121	1,915
CURRENT LIABILITES Lease Liabilities	-	273	273
NON-CURRENT LIABILITES Lease Liabilities	_	866	866

The following table reconciles the Company's operating lease commitments as at December 31, 2018, to the lease obligations recognized on initial application of IFRS 16.

\$
1,125
(60)
74
1,139

¹ Discounted using IBR of 3.00%

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment

In June 2017, the IASB released IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over income tax treatments ("IFRIC 23"), which is effective on January 1, 2019. IFRIC 23 clarifies accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of IAS 12 Income Taxes and does not apply to taxes outside the scope of IAS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments. It specifically addresses whether an entity considers each tax treatment independently or collectively, the assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities, how an entity determines taxable profit or loss, tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates and how an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances. The Company has concluded that IFRIC 23 has no material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

2.3 Statement of compliance

The preparation of the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements have been set out in note 3 of the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 and in note 2.2 of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on November 12, 2019.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As at	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Cash in bank	307,942	244,785
BDN earning interest at 1.70 % and maturing in October 2019	11,183	_
Total	319,125	244,785

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

As at	September 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Current		
GIC earning interest at rates ranging from 2.16% to 3.25% and maturing from October 2019 to August 2020 (December 31, 2018: 1.82% to 2.98%, January 2019 to May 2020)	191,916	319,095
BDN of US\$45,355 earning interest at rates ranging from 2.53% to 2.80% and matured from March 2019 to September 2019	_	61,874
Term deposits of US\$28,429 earning interest at rates ranging from 2.50% to 3.00% and maturing from November 2019 to July 2020 (December 31, 2018: US\$26,699; 2.28% to 2.56%, January 2019 to July 2019)	37,649	36,423
GIC of US\$7,000 earning interest rates ranging from 3.14% to 3.24% and maturing from January 2020 to February 2020 (December 31, 2018: US\$20,240; 2.65% to 3.04%; January 2019 to August 2019)	9,270	27,611
Corporate bond investment with a coupon rate of 1.57% and maturing May 2020	4,955	_
Total current	243,790	445,003
Non-current GIC earning interest at rates ranging from 2.63% to 3.37% and maturing from December 2020 to March 2022 (December 31, 2018: 2.80% to 3.25%; January 2020 to June 2020)	121,146	76,000
Term deposit of US\$12,106 earning interest at rates ranging from 2.82% to 3.04%, and maturing from February 2021 to April 2021 (December 31, 2018: US\$5,000; 3.00%; July 2020)	16,031	6,821
GIC of US\$7,000 earning interest at rates ranging from 3.14% to 3.24% and maturing from January 2020 to February 2020	-	9,549
Corporate bond investment with a coupon rate of 1.57% and maturing May 2020	-	4,904
Total non-current	137,177	97,274
Total	380,967	542,277

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

As at	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Interest receivable	6,775	7,645
Trade and accounts receivable	4,726	2,896
Prepaid expenses and other receivable	320	1,042
Commodity taxes receivable	823	173
Total	12,644	11,756

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	\$
Cost as at January 1, 2019	21,642
Additions	3,417
Disposals and write-offs	(621)
Foreign exchange	(117)
Cost as at September 30, 2019	24,321
Accumulated amortization as at January 1, 2019	4,167
Amortization charge	1,273
Foreign exchange	(67)
Accumulated amortization as at September 30, 2019	5,373
Net book value as at September 30, 2019	18,948

7. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Carryi	ng amount
As at	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Loans and other receivables [i]		
Measured at amortized cost	2,225	2,964
Measured at FVTPL	36,319	24,711
Equity Investments [ii]		
Measured at FVTPL	3,730	4,736
Measured at FVOCI	7,801	6,074
Derivatives [iii]		
Measured at FVTPL	2,869	1,805
Fund Investments [iv]		
Measured at FVTPL	118,137	87,054
Total	171,081	127,344

As a result of changes in fair value and the disposal of financial assets, the Company recorded the following net gains on financial assets in the consolidated statement of income as "Net gain on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss".

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

2019							
	Three mo	nths ended Septe	mber 30,	Nine months ended September 30,			
	Unrealized	Realized		Unrealized	Realized		
	(gain) loss on	(gain) loss on		(gain) loss on	(gain) loss on		
	FA measured FA measured			FA measured	FA measured		
	at FVTPL	at FVTPL	Total	at FVTPL	at FVTPL	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Loans and other receivables [i] ¹	(237)	(90)	(327)	6,671	(995)	5,676	
Equity Investments [ii]	236	(87)	149	617	(85)	532	
Derivatives [iii]	(32)	_	(32)	(124)	_	(124)	
Fund Investments [iv]	7,971	(2,878)	5,093	(22,723)	(3,010)	(25,733)	
Total	7,938	(3,055)	4,883	(15,559)	(4,090)	(19,649)	

¹Includes recognition of deferred day 1 gains and change in FMV related to early repayment.

2018

	Three mo	nths ended Sept	ember 30,	Nine mo	nths ended Septe	ember 30,
	Unrealized	Realized		Unrealized	Realized	
	(gain) loss on	(gain) loss on		(gain) loss on	(gain) loss on	
	FA measured	FA measured		FA measured	FA measured	
	at FVTPL at FVTPL Total		at FVTPL	at FVTPL	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Loans and other receivables [i] ¹	884	(490)	394	478	(1,269)	(791)
Equity Investments [ii]	(1,473)	(2,232)	(3,705)	(1,408)	(2,247)	(3,655)
Derivatives [iii]	(34)	256	222	(815)	135	(680)
Fund Investments [iv]	(7,856)	21	(7 <i>,</i> 835)	(7,433)	(1,790)	(9,223)
Total	(8,479)	(2,445)	(10,924)	(9,178)	(5,171)	(14,349)

¹Includes recognition of deferred day 1 gains and change in FMV related to early repayment.

[i] Loans and other receivables

As at September 30, 2019, the nominal loan balance outstanding was \$43,770, including \$40,131 [US\$30,303] (September 30, 2018: \$24,913, including \$20,025 [US\$15,469]). The following table summarizes the movement in loans and other receivables during the nine-month period ended September 30.

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

	Carrying value as at January 1 \$	Additions \$	Loan repayments \$	Net (loss) gain on FA ¹ \$	Foreign exchange ^{2,3} \$	Carrying value end of period \$	Current other financial assets \$	Non- current other financial assets \$
2019								
Amortized cost	2,964	2,046	(2,684)	_	(101)	2,225	—	2,225
FVTPL	24,711	21,249	(3,524)	(5 <i>,</i> 676)	(441)	36,319	14,121	22,198
Total	27,675	23,295	(6,208)	(5,676)	(542)	38,544	14,121	24,423
2018								
Amortized cost	3,370	1,151	(611)	_	71	3,981	—	3,981
FVPL	56,970	1,341	(38,867)	791	1,418	21,653	4,546	17,107
Total	60,340	2,492	(39,478)	791	1,489	25,634	4,546	21,088

¹ Net changes related to change in the fair value of loan receivables and recognition of day 1 gains

² Recorded a loss of \$2 in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" (2018: gain of \$870) and a loss of \$540 in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations" (2018: gain of \$619)

³ During the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, recorded a gain of \$246 in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" (2018: loss of \$47) and a gain of \$141 in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations" (2018: loss of \$326)

Moksha8

On October 17, 2018 the Company entered into a strategic relationship with Moksha8, a specialty pharmaceutical company operating in Brazil and Mexico, through the issuance of a \$2,599 [US\$2,000] promissory note bearing an annual interest of 15%. The promissory note was recorded using the amortized cost method and was repaid in February 2019.

On February 15, 2019, the Company entered into a financing agreement with Moksha8 for up to \$170,525 [US\$125,000] ("Financing Agreement"), of which \$13,134 [US\$10,000] was initially issued. The loan disbursed was recorded at a relative fair value of \$13,449 [US\$10,213] upon initial measurement and subsequently accounted for at FVTPL. The loan bears interest at 15% per annum and matures five years from the issuance date. Furthermore, Knight received warrants representing 5% of the fully diluted shares of Moksha8.

On September 30, 2019, the Company loaned an additional \$1,987 [US\$1,500] as an advance of a future loan commitment to Moksha8 at an interest rate of 15% per annum. The loan matures in 2021 and was recorded at its nominal value which represents fair value and will subsequently be accounted at amortized cost. As at September 30, 2019, the total nominal loan balance outstanding was \$15,883 [US\$1,993].

Under the terms of the Financing Agreement, Knight has a remaining loan commitment of \$13,905 [US\$10,500] which will be disbursed upon Moksha8 meeting pre-defined profitability targets. In addition, the Company may issue an additional \$132,430 [US\$100,000] at Knight's sole discretion for corporate development and the acquisition of product licenses.

Triumvira

On February 20, 2019, the Company entered into a secured loan agreement with Triumvira for \$6,585 [US\$5,000] for the development of its novelty T cell therapies ("Triumvira Loan Agreement"). The loan bears interest at 15% per annum and matures on February 20, 2020. The loan was recorded at a relative fair value of \$6,264 [US\$5,000] upon initial measurement and subsequently accounted for at FVTPL. In addition, Knight received warrants to purchase 3.5% of Triumvira's fully diluted common shares and the exclusive right to commercialize Triumvira's future approved products in Canada, Israel, Mexico, Colombia and for TAC01-CD19 for Israel, Mexico, Brazil and Colombia.

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

Medimetriks

During 2016, Knight issued \$31,290 [US\$23,000] to Medimetriks in secured loans to support its acquisition of the exclusive U.S. development and commercialization rights of OPA-15406 from Otsuka. On March 7, 2018, Knight received an early repayment of principal of \$25,894 [US\$20,000] and interest and fees of \$3,569 [US\$2,757]. Subsequent to the early repayment and scheduled principal repayments of \$2,923 [US\$2,250], the outstanding loan balance was \$1,005 [US\$750]. The remaining loan balance was repaid in full on June 18, 2019.

[ii] Equity investments

The following table summarizes the movement in equity investments during the nine-month period ended September 30.

	Carrying value as at January 1 \$	Additions ¹ \$	Disposals² \$	Net gain (loss) on FA ³ \$	Foreign exchange \$	Carrying value end of period \$	Current other financial assets \$	Non- current other financial assets \$
2019								
FVTPL	4,736	6	(471)	(532)	(9)	3,730	3,730	_
FVOCI	6,074	—	(1,205)	3,030	(98)	7,801	4,710	3,091
Total	10,810	6	(1,676)	2,498	(107)	11,531	8,440	3,091
2018								
FVTPL	6,375	27,462	(20,835)	3,655	11	16,668	16,668	_
FVOCI	13,050	400	(49)	(5,737)	215	7,879	7,879	_
Total	19,425	27,862	(20,884)	(2,082)	226	24,547	24,547	_

¹ Equities purchased or received as consideration with the strategic lending transactions

² Cash received upon disposal of equities during the period

³ Net changes due to revaluation to fair market value recorded in the statement of income (FVTPL) or statement of comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Equity investments measured at FVOCI

Under IFRS 9, the Company has designated the following strategic investments as equity investments measured at FVOCI.

As at	Septembe	December 31, 202			
	Number of common	FV	Number of common	FV	
	shares owned	\$	shares owned	\$	
Crescita	1,935,489	1,723	2,834,689	1,260	
Profound ¹	2,765,550	2,987	2,965,550	1,631	
Synergy ²	17,645,812	_	17,645,812	_	
Medimetriks ³	2,315,007	3,091	2,315,007	3,183	
Total		7,801		6,074	

¹ On October 16, 2019, Profound completed a 10 to 1 share consolidation. As a result of the consolidation, Knight owns 276,555 common shares of Profound.

² Valued using the quoted market price (closing share price on the OTCXD) less the day 1 gain on initial measurement that the Company deferred. FMV before considering the deferred day 1 gain is \$4,440 [US\$3,353]

³ Valued using the income approach valuation technique less the day 1 gain on initial measurement that the Company deferred. FMV, net of the day 1 gain, in original currency is US\$2,333

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

Investment in Crescita

During the quarter ended September 30, 2019, Knight disposed of 899,200 common shares of Crescita at an average price of \$1.02 per share for total proceeds of \$916. The common shares sold were previously acquired by Knight at an average cost of \$0.60 per share.

[iii] Derivatives

The following table summarizes the movement in derivatives recorded at FVTPL during the nine-month period ended September 30.

	Carrying value as at January 1 Ś	Additions ¹ S	Disposals ² \$	Net gain on FA \$	Foreign exchange ^{3,4} S	Carrying value end of period Ś	Current other financial assets Ś	Non- current other financial assets \$
2019	1,805	998	_	124	(58)	2,869	197	2,672
2018	1,624	_	(622)	680	44	1,726	_	1,726

¹ Derivatives recognized during the period

² Derivatives derecognized or disposed of during the period

³ Recorded a loss of \$25 (2018: gain of \$16) in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" and a loss of \$33 (2018: gain of \$28) in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations"

⁴ During the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, recorded a loss of \$9 (2018: gain of \$9) in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" and a loss of \$14 (2018: gain of \$18) in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations"

Moksha8

In conjunction with the Moksha8 Financing Agreement, Knight received 23,744 warrants at an exercise price of US\$0.01 each representing 5% of the fully diluted shares of Moksha8. The warrants were initially recorded at a relative fair value of \$497 [US\$372] valued using the Black-Scholes model.

Triumvira

In conjunction with the Triumvira Loan Agreement, Knight received warrants to purchase 3.5% of Triumvira's fully diluted common shares. The warrants were initially recorded at their relative fair value of \$321, valued using the Black-Scholes model.

[iv] Fund investments

The following table summarizes the movement in fund investments recorded at FVTPL during nine-month period ended September 30.

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

	Carrying value as at January 1 \$	Additions ¹ \$	Distributions ² \$	Net gain on FA \$	Foreign exchange ^{3,4} \$	Carrying value end of period \$	Current other financial assets \$	Non- current other financial assets \$
2019	87,054	18,434	(9,177)	25,733	(3,907)	118,137	_	118,137
2018	54,968	20,560	(6,427)	9,223	1,343	79,667	_	79,667

¹ Investments in equity or debt funds including US\$3,301 and EUR 2,642 (2018: including US\$6,668 and EUR 2,686)

² Distributions received from funds including US\$1,665 and EUR 724 (2018: including US\$1,275 and EUR 2,586)

³ Recorded a loss of \$2,134 in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" (2018: gain of \$348) and \$1,773 in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations" (2018: gain of \$995)

⁴ During the three-month period ended September 30, 2019, recorded a loss of \$1,082 in the statement of income in "Foreign exchange loss (gain)" (2018: loss of \$123) and a gain of \$855 in the statement of other comprehensive income in "Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations" (2018: gain of \$894)

8. MEASURMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Levels	Description	Type of financial instruments normally classified as such
Level 1	Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.	 Investments in equities¹
Level 2	Other valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.	• Investments in equities ²
Level 3	Techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.	 Investments in equities³ Investments in funds Loans and receivables measured at FVTPL Loans and receivables measured at Amortized Cost Derivatives

¹ Publicly-traded equities in active markets

² Publicly-traded equities in inactive markets

³ Privately-held equities

[i] Fair value hierarchy

As at	September 30, 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Recurring fair value measurements				
Loans measured at FVTPL	36,319	—	_	36,319
Equity investments measured at FVTPL	3,730	3,730	_	_
Equity investments measured at FVOCI	7,801	4,710	_	3,091
Derivatives	2,869	—	_	2,869
Fund investments measured at FVTPL	118,137	—	_	118,137
Total	168,856	8,440	_	160,416

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

As at	December 31, 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Recurring fair value measurements				
Loans measured at FVTPL	24,711	_	_	24,711
Equity investments measured at FVTPL	4,736	4,736	_	_
Equity investments measured at FVOCI	6,074	2,891	—	3,183
Derivatives	1,805	—	—	1,805
Fund investments measured at FVTPL	87,054	—	—	87,054
Total	124,380	7,627	_	116,753

There were no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2019 or year ended December 31, 2018.

[ii] Day 1 Gains

Upon acquisition of a financial instrument, the Company measures its fair value and compares it to the acquisition price. The difference is recognised as a gain or loss only if fair value is based on a quoted price in an active market or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. The Company has the following deferred day 1 gains:

As at	Septem	ber 30, 2019	Decem	ber 31, 2018
	US\$	\$	US\$	\$
Loans measured at FVTPL				
Medimetriks	_	-	342	467
60P	677	897	917	1,251
Triumvira	115	152	—	—
Equity investments measured at FVOCI				
Medimetriks	730	967	730	996
Synergy	3,764	4,985	3,764	5,135
Total	5,286	7,001	5,753	7,849

9. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

On September 9, 2015, Knight acquired a 28.3% ownership interest in Medison, a privately-owned specialty pharmaceutical company based in Israel. The consideration given for the equity interest in Medison amounted to \$82,001, which includes the fair value of 10,330,884 common shares of Knight issued to Medison and its controlling shareholder and a contingent consideration of \$1,100.

On June 16, 2016, the Company issued 250,000 common shares at a price of \$8.29 per share for \$2,073 and reduced the amount of contingent consideration recorded in contributed surplus upon the initial investment in Medison by \$943. Consequently, the Company recorded an increase of \$1,130 in the investment in associate. There is no further contingent consideration payable to Medison.

The interest in Medison is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The investment was originally recorded at cost and subsequently adjusted to include the Company's share of Medison's net income and any dividends issued to the Company. The net income is adjusted to reflect the amortization of the fair value adjustments related to the Company's share of the net identifiable assets of Medison acquired and their tax impact.

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

	\$
Carrying value as at January 1, 2019	79,145
Share of net income for the year before fair value adjustments	4,581
Amortization of fair value adjustments	(4,133)
Share of net income for the period	448
Share of other comprehensive income	(1,705)
Dividends1	(4,159)
Carrying value as at September 30, 2019	73,729

¹ On March 4, 2019, Medison's board of directors declared and approved dividends of \$4,159 [ILS 11,308]

10. OTHER RECEIVABLE

Notices of reassessment

Knight received notices of reassessment from the CRA and the QRA in July 2018 and January 2019 respectively. The notices relate to the disposition in 2014 of a PRV held by Knight's wholly-owned subsidiary, Knight Therapeutics (Barbados) Inc. A PRV is a transferrable asset that entitles the holder to a priority review for a drug of its choice.

The Company's PRV was granted on March 19, 2014 upon the FDA approval of Impavido[®] and was disposed of to a third party in November 2014 for gross proceeds of US\$125,000. The notices of reassessment provide that Knight is liable to pay an aggregate of \$23,340 and \$18,242 to the CRA and QRA respectively in additional taxes and interest. Knight has made a deposit for the full amount to the CRA in July 2018 and to the QRA in February 2019.

Knight believes that the reassessments are unfounded and filed a notice of objection with CRA in September 2018 to start the appeals process. Based on the Company's view of the likely outcome of the appeals process, Knight expects to recover the total of \$41,582 deposited and has not recorded any tax provision related to the disposal of the PRV in its financial statements. However, there can be no assurance regarding the outcome or when a resolution may be reached.

Although Knight believes its tax provisions are adequate, the final determination of tax audits and any related disputes could be materially different from historical income tax provisions and accruals.

11. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

[i] Share capital

The authorized share capital of the Company is comprised of an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of first preferred shares, which may be issued from time to time in one or more series, without par value. The issued and outstanding share capital of Knight is as follows:

		Number of	
	Notes	common shares	\$
Balance as at January 1, 2019		142,850,512	761,844
Issuance under share purchase plan	[iii]	27,873	213
Repayment of share purchase loans		_	425
Shares purchased under NCIB ¹	[iv]	(7,161,237)	(38,310)
Liability for ASPP commitment pursuant to NCIB	[v]	-	(26,057)
Balance as at September 30, 2019		135,717,148	698,115

¹ Number of common shares excludes 12,900 shares that were purchased in September but not yet cancelled as at September 30, 2019.

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

[ii] Share option plan

The Company has an equity-settled Share Option Plan in place for employees, directors, officers and consultants of the Company. A new Share Option Plan ("the Plan") was approved by the Board of Directors and the shareholders on May 9, 2017. All options issued under the legacy plan rolled into the Plan. The aggregate maximum number of stock options outstanding under the Plan at any given time shall not exceed 10% of the outstanding shares of the Company as of the grant date. The option period may be up to ten years from the date the option is granted. The Board of Directors or its designated committee may determine when an option will become exercisable and may determine that the option will be exercisable immediately upon the date of grant, in instalments or pursuant to a vesting schedule. If no specific determination is made, the stock options vest in equal tranches of 25% per annum on each anniversary date. Stock options that have been exercised, expired, cancelled, forfeited or terminated become available for re-issuance under the Plan. Generally, the stock options have a seven-year or ten-year term and vest over a one-year period for directors and a three or four-year period for employees.

The Company recorded compensation expense of \$484 and \$1,639 (2018: \$520 and \$1,707) for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2019 with corresponding credits to contributed surplus related to the issuance of stock options net of forfeitures. The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the period, estimated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, was \$3.13 (2018: \$3.19). The fair value of the options was estimated on the date of grant based on the following weighted average assumptions:

	Nine months ended September 30,		
	2019	2018	
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	1.77%	2.15%	
Dividend yield	Nil	Nil	
Weighted average volatility factor [i]	40%	40%	
Unvested forfeiture rate	2%	2%	
Weighted average expected life	6.04 years	6.3 years	

[i] Volatility was determined using the historical share price of the Company and comparable companies.

	Nine months ended September 30,			
		2019		2018
	Number of	Weighted average	Number of	Weighted average
	share options	exercise price	share options	exercise price
	#	\$	#	\$
Balance beginning of the period	4,129,843	7.64	3,447,659	7.50
Options granted	756,439	7.62	727,617	8.42
Options exercised	_	_	(11,289)	8.02
Options expired/forfeited	(111,548)	8.27	(61,518)	8.81
Balance at end of the period	4,774,734	7.63	4,102,469	7.64
Options exercisable at the end of the period	3,489,047	7.39	2,873,401	7.12

[iii] Share purchase plan

The Company has a Share Purchase Plan ("Purchase Plan") allowing employees and directors of the Company to purchase common shares at listed market prices from treasury. The Purchase Plan was re-approved by the Board of Directors and the shareholders on May 7, 2019. The plan allows for employees to contribute up to a maximum of 10% of their salary and directors to contribute up to \$10 per year. Under the Purchase Plan, the Company will contribute 25% of employees' or

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

directors' contributions in the form of common shares if the employee remains employed by the Company or director remains on the Board, and has held the original shares for two years from the original purchase date. The Company's contribution in common shares is calculated using the lesser of the original common share value at the original purchase date and at the date of the Company's contribution. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2019, 27,873 shares (2018: 20,721 shares) were issued under the Purchase Plan for a total of \$213 (2018: \$168).

[iv] NCIB

On July 8, 2019, the Company announced that the Toronto Stock Exchange approved its notice of intention to make a NCIB. Under the terms of the NCIB, Knight may purchase for cancellation up to 12,053,693 common shares of the Company which represented 10% of its public float as at July 2, 2019. The NCIB commenced on July 11, 2019 and will end on the earlier of July 10, 2020 or when the Company completes its maximum purchases under the NCIB.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2019, the Company has purchased 7,174,137 common shares, for an aggregate cash consideration of \$54,283, resulting in an excess of purchase price over the stated cost of the shares of \$15,973 which was charged to retained earnings.

As at	September 30, 2019
	\$
Reduction to	
Share Capital	38,310
Retained Earnings	15,973
Total	54,283

[v] ASPP

Knight entered into an agreement with a broker to facilitate purchases of its common shares under the NCIB. Under Knight's ASPP, the broker may purchase common shares which would ordinarily not be permitted due to regulatory restrictions or self-imposed blackout periods. Such purchases are made by the broker based on parameters and instructions communicated by the Company prior to any regulatory restrictions or self-imposed blackout periods. As at September 30, 2019, the Company was in a blackout period and recorded the following ASPP liability:

As at	September 30, 2019
	\$
Amounts charged to	
Share Capital	26,057
Retained Earnings	9,930
Automatic share purchase plan liability	35,987

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

The liability will be extinguished once the Company is no longer in a blackout period or when all purchases under the ASPP have been completed.

12. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

As at	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	
	\$	\$	
Net losses on equities at FVOCI net of tax of \$946	(9,233)	(12,232)	
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate net of tax of \$285	901	2,607	
Unrealized gain on translation of foreign operations	24,241	30,580	
Total	15,909	20,955	

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic

Basic net (loss) earnings per share is calculated by dividing net (loss) income by the weighted average shares outstanding during the period.

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net (loss) income	(2,959)	12,930	21,186	23,858
Weighted average shares outstanding	137,783,892	142,831,656	141,147,239	142,821,725
Basic net (loss) earnings per share	(\$0.021)	\$0.091	\$0.150	\$0.167

Diluted

Diluted net (loss) earnings per share has been calculated after adjusting the weighted average number of shares used in the basic calculation to assume the conversion of all potentially dilutive shares. A potentially dilutive share for the Company consists of share options where the exercise price is below the average market price of the Company's shares during the period.

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net (loss) income	(2,959)	12,930	21,186	23,858
Weighted average shares outstanding	137,783,892	142,831,656	141,147,239	142,821,725
Adjustment for warrants and share options	370,737	508,144	372,653	442,111
Weighted average shares outstanding	138,154,629	143,339,800	141,519,892	143,263,836
Diluted net (loss) earnings per share	(\$0.021)	\$0.090	\$0.150	\$0.167

14. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has one reportable segment, and its principal business activity is focused on developing, acquiring, inlicensing, out-licensing, marketing and distributing innovative pharmaceutical products, consumer health products and medical devices in Canada and select international markets.

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

For the three and nine-month period ended September 30, 2019, revenues from products sold in Canada and internationally were \$551 and \$3,479 (2018: \$485 and \$2,735) and \$1,727 and \$8,463 (2018: \$1,691 and \$6,921) respectively. Furthermore, non-current operating assets consisting of property and equipment, intangible assets, investment in associate and other receivables held in Canada and internationally were \$134,635 and \$1,303 respectively (December 31, 2018: \$118,114 and \$2,610).

15. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Decrease (increase) in				
Trade and other receivables	(2,043)	(2,526)	(1,972)	352
Inventories	362	(267)	664	(9)
Income taxes receivable	50	212	92	2
Long term interest receivable	_	(392)	-	(1,146)
Increase (decrease) in				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,721	1,300	3,102	376
Income tax payable	949	1,791	1,882	3,103
Other				
Other Financial Assets	(567)	_	(1,400)	_
	472	118	2,368	2,678

Effect on cash flows of changes in working capital and other non-cash balances are as follows:

16. PRODUCT PRICING REGULATION ON CERTAIN PATENTED DRUG PRODUCTS

All patented drug products that form part of Knight's portfolio of products are subject to pricing regulation by the PMPRB, a federal agency tasked with ensuring that prices of patented medicines are not excessive. For new patented products, the maximum non-excessive price in Canada is limited to a range with a lower bound set by the prices of existing comparable drugs sold in Canada and an upper bound set by the median prices for the same drug sold in a specified set of developed comparator countries. For existing patented products, prices cannot be increased annually by more than a factor based on Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index. The PMPRB monitors compliance through a review of the average transaction price of each patented drug product as reported by pharmaceutical companies like Knight on a semi-annual basis. The PMPRB may from time to time deem certain of Knight's existing or future patented products to be excessively priced based on the application of its empowering legislation and regulations, including those related to price increases, the comparative assessment of new products and reductions in the highest price in international reference countries. Such determinations by the PMPRB may have a material adverse effect on Knight's financial condition and results of operations or cash flows.

The Canadian federal government has made a commitment to reduce the cost of prescription drug pending in Canada. On December 2, 2017, Health Canada published the following proposed key changes:

• changes in the comparator countries used to determine price ceilings. The changes include removal of the US (which generally has the highest international drug prices) and Switzerland and addition of seven new countries judged to have similar consumer protection-oriented mandates and relative wealth as Canada;

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

- new, economics-based price regulatory factors to allow the PMPRB to regulate based on the value of a medicine and its impact on the health care system; and,
- changes to certain reporting requirements, including reporting all discounts and rebates provided to third-party payers, such as provincial drug plans.

On August 21, 2019, the federal government published the final regulations governing the PMPRB. The new regulations include eleven countries as comparators and will come into force on July 1, 2020. Furthermore, the draft guidelines to clarify the mechanism and other details of the implementation of the amended regulations are expected to be released in Q4-19.

The regulatory changes to the PMPRB may have a significant adverse effect on the price of patented drugs sold by the Corporation in Canada and may limit the Corporation's ability to in-license and launch products in Canada due to more restrictive pricing regulations.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Pharmascience Inc., a company related to the Company's CEO, provided administrative services of approximately \$4 and \$11 (2018: \$3 and \$8) to the Company for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2019.

18. COMMITMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Company secures development, sales, marketing and distribution rights to innovative drug products requiring royalties or product payments considered normal operating commitments and as such not included herein. The Company has entered into various agreements which include contractual obligations extending beyond the current year. These obligations are classified into three major categories: fund commitments, milestones and purchase commitments, and equity and loan commitments. The commitments of the Company as at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

[i] Fund commitments

As at September 30, 2019, under the terms of Company's agreements with life sciences venture capital funds, \$45,830 (December 31, 2018: \$61,973), including \$12,835 [US\$9,692] and \$9,159 [EUR 6,344], may be called over the life of the funds (based on the closing foreign exchange rates).

[ii] Milestones and purchase commitments

Under certain agreements, Knight may have to pay additional consideration should the Company achieve certain sales volumes or if certain milestones are met, such as regulatory approval in Canada. The Company may have to pay up to \$98,306 including \$30,863 [US\$23,305] and \$505 [EUR 350] upon achieving certain sales volumes, regulatory or other milestones related to specific products.

In addition, Knight has a commitment to purchase up to \$2,020 [EUR 738 and US\$721], of inventory for pharmaceutical products during the five-year period after their respective commercial launch. Furthermore, Knight has committed to certain sales force and marketing spend obligations during the five-year period after the commercial launch of one of its products.

[iii] Equity and loan commitments

Subject to a loan agreement with a borrower, Knight has committed to up to a maximum equity investment of \$3,311 [US\$2,500] to participate in the initial public offering of the borrower.

[In thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts]

Subject to the Moksha8 Financing Agreement, Knight has committed to loan up to an additional \$13,905 [US\$10,500] should the borrower meet certain pre-defined profitability targets over its 2020 to 2021 financial years.

19. LITIGATIONS

On March 21, 2019, the Company filed a legal action in Lod, Israel (District Court Center-Lod) against Medison, Medison's CEO Meir Jakobsohn, and Tzalir Holdings Ltd., Mr. Jakobsohn's personal holding company. The Company, in its capacity as a shareholder of Medison, is seeking to prevent Mr. Jakobsohn from using Medison's cash reserves to fund an activist campaign against the Company. The Company asserts that Medison's conduct constitutes shareholder discrimination and is improper and oppressive under Israeli companies law. The defendants have filed a statement of defence and the Company has filed a statement of response to Medison's defence.

On March 28, 2019, Medison filed a separate legal action in Lod, Israel (District Court Center-Lod) against the Company and its chief executive officer, Jonathan Ross Goodman. Medison is asking the court to remove Mr. Goodman from Medison's board of directors as the Company's nominee director and to order the Company appoint another individual to replace him. Medison alleges that Mr. Goodman is in a conflict of interest. The Company intends to vigorously contest the lawsuit. The Company has filed a statement of defence and Medison has filed a statement of response to the Company's defence.

A pre-trial hearing, originally set for June 12, 2019, was rescheduled to November 10, 2019 and was subsequently postponed to January 15, 2020, to deal with procedural matters with respect to both actions as well as a separate action filed by Mr. Goodman in his capacity as a director of Medison.

20. RECLASSIFICATION OF COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative amounts in the condensed interim consolidated statements of income have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in the current period.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

[i] Biotoscana Investments S.A.

On October 18, 2019, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement to acquire 51.2% of GBT (B3: GBIO33) at BRL 10.96 per share or approximately \$189,000¹ [BRL 596,000] ("Share Purchase Agreement"). The transaction is expected to close on November 29, 2019, upon which 80% of the purchase price will be paid to the sellers and the remaining 20% will be deposited in an escrow account as a guarantee against the sellers' indemnification obligations. The escrow will be released equally over a period of three years, net of claims, according to the terms and conditions of the Share Purchase Agreement.

Following the closing of the Share Purchase Agreement, Knight will launch a mandatory tender offer to acquire the remaining 48.8% common shares of GBT ("Tender Process") which trade as Brazilian Depository Receipts ("BDRs") on Brasil Bolsa Balcão S.A. ("B3"), in Brazil. Assuming all public shareholders tender their shares, Knight expects to pay approximately \$180,000¹ [BRL 568,000]. The Tender Process is expected to take 4 to 8 months from launch to close. Following the close of the Share Purchase Agreement and the Tender Process, Knight expects to have paid a total of approximately \$369,000¹ [BRL 1,164,000] for the common shares and an additional \$49,000¹ [BRL 154,000] to cover GBT's net financial debt.

¹Amounts translated at the BRL to CAD closing exchange rate as of October 18, 2019 of 3.145. The price in Canadian dollars will vary depending on the exchange rate.

Stock Exchange Listing

Toronto Stock Exchange Trading Symbol: GUD

Transfer Agent

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